



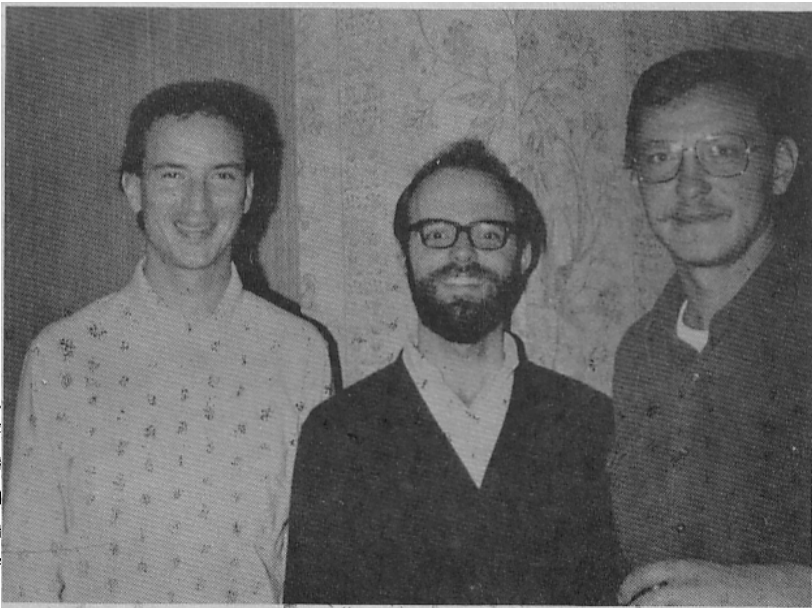
ILLINOIS CHESS BULLETIN

Official Publication of the Illinois Chess Association a U.S.C.F. Affiliate

APRIL 1985

BIMONTHLY

VOLUME VIII No. 2



THE WINNERS!

McCambridge, Leverett, and
Ivanov at the Midwest Masters

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DEADLINE FOR NEXT ISSUE: May 7

EDITOR'S PAGE

THE AFTERMATH

Of course the big story in chess this past month has been the extraordinary action taken by FIDE President Florencio Campomanes to halt the Karpov-Kasparov match, just when it appeared Kasparov was taking charge of the match. I don't have any new insights or conspiracy theories about why Campo did it, but I do know the general perception among chess players is that Campo's leadership is either corrupt or utterly lacking in judgement. He should resign his office for the good of our sport, but of course that will not happen. We should not be suprised when FIDE starts to resemble a boxing federation or a UN agency, it's something that was inevitable and we'll have to learn to live with.

The all too common sense of outrage among chess players is reflected in a letter printed on pg. 19. I'm actually more interested in the media's reaction. Many commentators (including a editorial in the NY TIMES) have viewed the incident and the Soviet role in provoking it as a small sign that reflects on an overall Soviet tendency not to "play by the rules". Can they then be trusted to observe nuclear weapon treaties? Once again chess is being seen as a symbol of super-power politics.

ONE NIGHT IN BANGKOK

Chess is about to receive publicity of a more entertaining nature, in the form of a play called "Chess" about a fictional US-USSR World Championship Match. Where can that idea have come from? Normally I would wait to see if the play flopped before mentioning it, but one of the musical numbers has already hit the pop charts and is doing quite well in both the original and the "disco" versions. Can someone help us out and

A note from the membership secretary

This is the first issue of the ICB that is being mailed using labels I have generated in my capacity as new membership secretary. Membership information has been transcribed manually to my home computer, which will produce labels for this and subsequent issues.

Now is a good time for all members to check the accuracy of their labels -- address, spelling of name, etc. Make sure that the information is correct, and that it agrees with that found on your February label. The code in the corner of the label indicates expiration date and membership type. For example, Dec85P indicates a Patron member expiring in December, 1985. The letter at the end indicates membership type:

- C - Century Club
- G - Gold Card

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The ICB is published bi-monthly by the Illinois Chess Association. Affiliates and Patrons receive the ICB by First Class Mail. Checks should be made payable to the ICA and sent to Fred Gruenberg, ICA Treasurer, Box 43336, Chicago IL 60643.

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supply the lyrics? The song is titled "One Night in Bangkok", and contains lyrical references to Iceland, the Philippines, and Hastings (that must rhyme with something), as well as the usual assortment of double-entendres.

US AMATEUR TEAM-MIDWEST DIVISION?

The year's most successful tournament has been the US Amateur Team Championship-East Division, which saw an astonishing 187 teams and 792 teams enter! Team chess is extremely successful on the east coast, and it's starting to catch on out west too, because the West Division tournament drew 41 teams and 175 players in its second year.

Fred Gruenberg is wondering whether we could hold and support a midwest version of the US Amateur Team. He needs both your feedback and your offers of concrete support!

LOOK OUT NEXT ISSUE!

The ICA Officers have made some additional funding available to your Editor to be used to obtain more and better material. The timing is excellent, because all heck is breaking loose in Illinois chess at the moment. The prestigious Midwest Masters was held on March 8-10, and drew an extremely strong field with an average rating over the 2300 mark. Lester Van Meter will be spearheading our extensive coverage. As I go to the printers with this issue, the Midwest International, a 12-player invitational round robin featuring GM Ray Keene and IM Vince McCambridge will be kicking off at the Univ. of Chicago. Organizer and noted chess writer Eric Schiller has agreed to give us a first-hand look. Finally, Illinois' top chess journalist John Tomas has agreed to start a free-ranging column in the next ICB.

There might well be more suprises in store. And I'm still looking for payed talent, so get in touch with me if you think you can write for this magazine.

- P - Patron
- none - regular
- J - junior
- A - affiliate

Membership renewals (and new memberships) should be sent to the Treasurer, Fred Gruenberg, at the following address:

Illinois Chess Association
P.O. Box 43336
Chicago IL 60643

Address corrections, etc. (anything not involving money) may be sent directly to me:

Bill Smythe
6945 N Ashland #F3
Chicago IL 60626

I look forward to serving you.

-- Bill Smythe

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NEWS FLASH!

IM Igor Ivanov, IM Vince McCambridge, and NM Bruce Leverett shared first place in the 1985 Midwest Masters held March 8-10 at the Univ. of Chicago's International House. Robert Gruchacz, Richard Horvitz, and Andrew Karklins tied for 4th-6th.

We will feature extensive coverage in our next issue.

ILLINOIS CHESS TOUR RULES

Awarding Tour Points

Players may earn tour points by finishing in first or second place in their class, or by finishing in one of the top three places, in a tour tournament.

There are two types of tournaments on the Illinois Tour. The larger events are Maxi-Tour events, and award tour points as described below. Smaller tournaments are called Mini-Tour events, and award tour points at one-half the rate of the Maxi events. Tour points are awarded as follows:

SECTION	POINTS	
CHAMPIONSHIP	MAXI-TOUR	MINI-TOUR
1st	30	15
2nd	20	10
3rd	10	5

CLASS PRIZES		
Expert		
1st	24	12
2nd	12	6
Class A		
1st	20	10
2nd	10	5
Class B		
1st	16	8
2nd	8	4
Class C		
1st	12	6
2nd	6	3
Class D/E		
1st	8	4
2nd	4	2

If there is a tie, the tied players share equally in the available points. Tour points may be carried up into higher class sections, but are not carried up into the Championship section. That is, in each class section, all of the tour points you earned while playing in that section, or in a lower section, count toward the tour prizes. You must play in three tour events to be eligible for a prize.

Example: Farley Fishcake ties for first through third in the Class B section of a Mini-Tour tournament. The available points for the three tied players are: 8+4=12. These points are shared equally by the three players, so each player will receive 4 tour points.

Farley's Points: Class B-4 points

Due to Farley's wonderful result, his rating jumps into Class A. While in Class A, Farley wins a Maxi-tour tournament! For this feat, Farley will receive 30 points in the Championship section, AND will receive 20 points in Class A. Since points carry up to the next Class, Farley will now have 24 points toward a prize in Class A, from the 20 points he just earned, plus the 4 points which carry up from Class B. In addition, he will still have 4 points toward a prize in Class B, and 30 points toward a prize in the Championship section!

Farley's Points: Championship Section-30 points
Class A-24 points
Class B-4 points

Farley now has a bad result, scoring 0-5 at the Fun

With Fish Spectacular. This result drops his rating back into Class B. In his very next tournament, he finishes as the top B player in a Mini-tour event. This adds 8 points to his Class B ranking, and leaves his other points unchanged.

Farley's Points: Championship Section-30 points
Class A-24 points
Class B-12 points

If you have questions about the Illinois Tour, WRITE: Kevin L. Bachler, 2851 Glen Flora #111, Waukegan, IL 60085. The complete 1985 Tour schedule should be announced in the next issue of ICB.

Illinois Tour Standings as of March 1, 1985:

(Ties are listed alphabetically)
Championship Section

Place	Name	Points	Tour Events Played In
1-2	Kevin L. Bachler	12.5	2
1-2	Steve Surak	12.5	1
3-5	William Brock	10	1
3-5	Albert Chow	10	1
3-5	John Tomas	10	1
6-7	Morris Giles	2.5	2
6-7	John Gotz	2.5	1

Class A

1	Jon Gotz	10	1
2	Keith McDaniel	5	1
3-6	Kevin Gensler	3.75	1
3-6	Douglas Middleton	3.75	1
3-6	Bill Smythe	3.75	1
3-6	David Steele	3.75	1

Class B

1-4	Leslie Bale	6	1
1-4	Eric Nore	6	1
1-4	Tim Pradzinski	6	1
1-4	Richard Smiley	6	1

Class C

1-2	Frank Randle	6	1
1-2	James Enochs	6	1
3-8	J. Marcellus Burke	1	1
3-8	Lawrence Clarke	1	1
3-8	David Cromer	1	1
3-8	Jim Marshall	1	1
3-8	Sara Sengenberger	1	1
3-8	Lawrence Serewicz	1	2

Class D/E

1	Joseph Baxter	4	1
2-3	Bruce Chenoweth	3	1
2-3	Glenn Panner	3	1
4-5	Kevin Brown	1	1
4-5	Jordy Rocheleav	1	1

Expert Section

1	William Brock	12	1
2-3	Kevin Bachler	9	2
2-3	Steve Surak	9	1
4	Pete Stein	6	1



MAY 18 - 19

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A: \$150, 90 B: \$140, 80 C: \$140, 70

5 Round Swiss System Tournament -- Saturday & Sunday May 18-19

This is a Premier Illinois Chess Association event -- All entrants from Illinois must be or become ICA members. Please bring your chess set and clock. Registration at the door is Saturday May 18 from 8 to 10 AM in the Wabash Room on the 3rd Floor. Registration at the Hotel is \$35. Mail your registration to Fred Gruenberg before April 25 and save \$8 !!

The Big Hotel Tournament of the Year!

This year's city chess championship is co-sponsored by RAE Products and the Chicago Chess Association. All prizes are guaranteed by RAE Products and will be paid out Sunday evening at the end of the tournament by Fred Gruenberg. To make Hotel Reservations, phone Fred at 779-0306

Rounds Saturday are at 10:30, 3:30, and 8 PM. Sunday's rounds are at 10 and 4. Anyone wishing a half-point BYE on Saturday should let us know when you send in your reservation. NTDs Richard Verber and Walter Brown will direct. A large collection of chess books will be on sale during the tournament. Tell your friends not to miss the tourney! If you play in only one tournament this year, THIS SHOULD BE THE ONE

Mail your entry to Fred Gruenberg, 2035 W. 110th Pl., Chicago 60643.

EF: \$27 if mailed by April 25

TIM JUST'S WINTER OPEN

By
Tim Just and Kevin Bachler

The 1985 Illinois Tour got under way with its first event (Mini-Tour) of the season. Tim Just's Winter Open saw 46 players (15% of which came from Wisconsin) push their first tour pawn on January 4, 1985 at the Illinois Resort and Conference Center at Illinois Beach State Park in Zion, Illinois.

Going into the final round last year's tour winner, Morris Giles, had a perfect score. He faced off against the highest rated player with 3.5 points, tournament organizer Kevin Bachler. When the dust cleared, Bachler had 4.5 points.

Now the pressure was on the shoulders of Steve Surak and Mark Marovitch. Each had 3.5 points. They were playing each other. Either of them could tie for first place. In a marathon game, Surak came out on top.

Kevin Bachler and Steve Surak took home the prize for first/second place with their 4.5-.5 scores. They are now the 1985 tour leaders!

Morris Giles's 4-1 score gave him a tie for third place with the top scorer in class A, John Gotz.

Class B had Leslie Bale and Eric Nore post scores of 3-2 each to take home the tour points and money for their efforts.

As is usual at our events, a Wisconsinite managed to take some prize money up North with him. Frank Randle scored 2.5-2.5 to stand alone in Class C as its champion.

The D/E/Unrated glory went to Martin Schmidt with a score of 2.5-2.5.

The Lake County Chess Association hopes to see all of its chess friends at our next event: Tim Just's \$99 Class on May 11-12, 1985.

Games from Tim Just's Winter Open

Tim Redman-Larry Servi, Round 2, Board 5:

1 d4	d5	6 00	b6	11 Rd1	Qe7
2 c4	e6	7 Ne5	Bb7	12 Nc3	Ne4
3 g3	Nf6	8 Qa4	c5	13 Nxe4	dxe4
4 Bg2	Be7	9 Rd1	cxd4	14 b4 ?!	
5 Nf3	00	10 Rxd4	Rc5		

White wants to mobilize his forces quickly, while his queen, rook and knight combine to immobilize Black's queenside. However, it is hard to find a move that allows White to complete his development quickly. If 14 Bf4, Black may be able to get away with 14...g5. Against 14 a3, intending 15 b4, Black can try 14...Rd8, when he should be able to answer b4 with...Bd4. On b3 White's queen is out of play. So, White may want to try 14 Qc2, meeting 14...Nc6 by 15 Rd7 Qf6 16 Ng4 Qf5 17 Rxb7 Qxg4 18 Bxe4. Then White may be able to continue with b3, Bb2, etc.

14	Bxb4	23 Qc3	e5	32 Rd1	fxg3
15 Bb2	f6	24 Rael	Rad8	33 Qxh7	gxh2+
16 Nd3	exd3	25 Qf3	Rd7	34 Kh1	Qb7+
17 Bxb7	Qxb7	26 Rb2	Rb8	35 Rd5	Re1+
18 Qb4	dxe2	27 Rxb8	Qxb8	36 Kxh2	Qb2+
19 Rd2	Nd7	28 Qc6	Qc7	37 Kg3	Rg1+
20 Rxe2	Nc5	29 Qe6	Kf8	38 Kf4	Qf2+
21 Bd4	Qc7	30 f4	Re7	39 Ke4	Qc2+
22 Bxc5	bxc5	31 Qf5	exf4	40 Resigns	

Ken Wallach-Leslie Bale, Benoni: 1 d4 g6 2 c4 Bg7 3 Nc3 c5 4 d5 d6 5 Nf3 Nf6 6 g3 00 7 Bg2 e6 8 00 Re8 9 Nd2 Na6 10 h3 Nc7 11 a4 Rb8 12 e4 a6 13 a5

b5 14 axb6 Rxb6 15 f4 exd5 16 cxd5 Nb5 17 Nc4 Nxc3 18 bxc3 Rb8 19 Qc2 Bxh3 20 Bxh3 Nxe4 21 Rf3 Nxc3 22 Rxc3 Re1+ 23 Kf2 Qe7 24 Raa3 Rh1 25 Bf1 Rh2+ 26 Bg2 Re8 27 Kgl Rxxg2+ 28 Kxxg2 Bxc3 29 Rxc3 Qb7 30 Rd3 Re1 31 Qc3 Re2 32 Kf3 1-0.

Kevin Bachler-Scott Haubrich, Reti-English: 1 Nf3 Nf6 2 g3 b6 3 Bg2 Bb7 4 00 c5 5 c4 g6 6 b3 Bg7 7 Bb2 00 8 d4 cxd4 9 Bxd4 Nc6?! 10 Bc3 d5 11 cxd5 Nxd5 12 Bxg7 Kxg7 13 Qc2! (White stands better. He threatens to pressure the d-file by Rd1, and e4, and will pressure the dark squares by Qb2) 13...f6?! (This is loosening) 14 Qb2 Qc7 15 Ng5 Nd8 16 Rd1 (Threatening 17 e4 and 18 Rxd8) 16...h6 (Black is forced to loosen his kingside more) 17 Nf3 Rc8 18 Nbd2 Nc3 19 Re1 b5 20 Bh3 f5 21 b4! (This prevents Black from anchoring the knight at c3 by ...b4, and also allows White to play Nb3. Nb3 is good for two reasons: it lets White play Nc5, a good outpost, and it allows White to play Racl, which is impossible in the current position due to ...Nxe2+) 21...e5 22 Nb3 e4 23 Nfd4 Kh7 24 Racl Qc4 (Now White should play 25 Qa3. This move pressures the Black a-pawn, defends b4, and threatens to play e3 followed by either Nc5 or Bf1. Instead, I blunder) 25 Nxf5? (To twist Fischer's words, this looked like a shot, instead it should be a shock!) 25...gxf5 26 Nc5 e3? (NM Gelbart pointed out 26...Rxc5! 27 bxc5 b4, and Black may even be winning) 27 Qxc3 exf2+ 28 Kxf2 Qd5 29 Qd3 Qe4 30 Nxb7 Rxc1 31 Rxc1 Nxb7 32 Rc7+ Kg6 33 Qd7 Qxb4 1-0 TIME (Bachler)

Bachler-Giles, Reti-Smyslov: 1 Nf3 Nf6 2 g3 g6 3 b4 Bg7 4 Bb2 d6 5 Bg2 00 6 00 e5 7 d3 c6 8 Nbd2 a5 9 a3 Na6 10 Nc4!? axb4 11 axb4 Be6 12 Ng5 Bd5 13 e4 Bxc4 14 dxc4 Ne8 15 f4 Qb6+ 16 c5 dxc5 17 fxe5 Rad8 18 Qf3 cxb4+ 19 Kh1 Nec7 20 Qg4 Rd2? (20...Nc5 fails to the same combination) 21 Qh4 h6 (On 21...h5 22 g4 is strong) 22 Nxf7 h5 23 Qg5 Rf2 24 Rxf2 Qxf2 25 Rf1 Qxf7 26 Rxf7 Kxf7 27 Bh3 Re8 28 Bf5! gxf5 29 exf5 Nc5 30 e6+ N5e6 31 fxe6+ Nxe6 32 Qxh5+ Kf8 33 Bxg7+ Nxg7 34 Qc5+ Kg8 35 Qc4+ Re6 36 Qxb4 b5 37 Kg2 Kf7 38 g4 Rg6 39 Qf4+ Rf6 40 Qc7+ Kg6 41 h4 Ne6 42 Qe5 Kf7 43 Kg3 Rf1 44 Qe2 Rf4? (44...Rf6 45 e5 Rg6 46 Qf3+) 45 Qxe6+ 1-0.

Steve Surak-Cliff Wallach, King's Gambit (Notes by Surak): 1 e4 e5 2 f4 exf4 3 Be2 (Tartakover tried this four times in New York 1924, with reasonable success against inferior play) 3...d6 (3...d5 equalizes faster. Black can also try Ne7-g6, when White has difficulty recovering the pawn. 3...Qh4+ is a loss of time) 4 d4 Be7 5 Nc3 (I'm always ready to move the king on either side of the King's Gambit) 5...Bh4+ 6 Kf1 Nc6 7 Nf3 (Now Black has problems developing his kingside) 7...Bg4 8 Bxf4 Bf6 9 Be3 Nge7 10 Kf2 Ng6 11 Rf1 Nh4 12 Kgl Nxf3 13 Bxf3 Bxf3 14 Rxf3 (Having wasted four moves with a knight, Black finds himself behind in development and White has the central pawn majority) 14...Ne7 (Prevents Nd5, and prepares ...c6 and ...d5) 15 Qf1 (Hoping for Black's reply) 15...0-0? 16 Rxf6 gxf6 17 Bh6 Ng6 18 Bxf8 Kxf8 19 Nd5 Kg7 20 Qf3 c6 21 Ne3 Qd7 22 Rf1 Qe6 23 Ng4 Rb8 24 Nxf6 h5 25 Nxb5+ Rxb5 26 Qxh5 Qxe4 27 c3 Qe6 28 Qg5 Qxa2 29 h4 Qd5 30 Rf5 Qe6 31 h5 Qe1+ 32 Kh2 Qh4+ 33 Qxh4 Nxb4 34 Rf4 1-0

Marovitch-Surak: 1 e4 e5 2 g3 Nf6 3 Bg2 Bc5 4 d3 d6 5 h3 Nc6 6 c3 a6 7 Ne2 d5 8 Qc2 dxe4 9 dxe4 0-0 10 b4 Bb6 11 Bb2 Be6 12 Nd2 Qe7 13 a3 Rfd8 14 Re1 Rd7 15 c4 Nd4 16 Nxd4 Bxd4 17 Nb3 c5 18 Bxd4 cxd4 19 Nc5 Re7 20 0-0 Rac8 21 Rfd1 b6 22 Nxe6 Qxe6 23 Bf1 Ne8 24 c5 bxc5 25 bxc5 Qc6 26 Qd3 Nf6 27 f3 Nd7 28 Qxa6 Nxc5 29 Qxc6 Rxc6 30 Bb5 R6c7 31 a4 Kf8 32 Rb1 Ra8 33 Rdc1 R8a7 34 Rb4 Ke7 35 Rbc4 Kd6 36 Kf1 Nb3 37 Rc6+ Rxc6 38 Rxc6+ Ke7 39 Ke2 f6 40 Kd3 Na5 41 Rc8 Kd6 42 f4 Rc7 43 fxe5+ fxe5 44 Rxc7 Kxc7 45 h4 Nb7 46 Ke2 Nc5 47 Kf3 Kb6 48 Kg4 Nxe4 49 Kf3 Nc5 50 Kg4 e4 51 Kf4 e3 52 g4 Ka5 53 Kf3 Nxa4 54 Bd3 h6 55 Ke4 e2 56 Bxe2 Nc3+ 57 Kd3? (57 Kxd4 Nxe2+ 58 Ke5 draws) Nxe2 58 Kxe2 Kb4 59 Kd3 Kc5 and Black soon won

ILLINOIS CHESS LEAGUE PLAYOFFS
by Walter Brown

A strong Chessmates team of 5 masters and 1 expert swept aside Oak Park-Forest Park, Park Forest, and Hillside to win the Open Division playoffs on Feb. 17 at the Oak Park-Forest Park Chess Club. Chessmates' top 3 boards each scored 2 wins and 1 draw as they led the team to victory.

Chessmates (consisting of Al Chow, Morris Giles, Marvin Dandridge, Warren Kreckler, Mitchell Sweig, and Sandy Zabel) cruised through rounds 1 and 2 against Oak Park and Park Forest, conceding only a few draws. Meanwhile Hillside, without Dr. Martinovsky, was having its troubles, losing the in the first two rounds. In round 3 however, Hillside did very well against Chessmates, winning on boards 4 and 5 and having an excellent position on board 2. The board 2 game ended in a draw and Chessmates won the other three boards to win the match.

In the battle for 2nd place Oak Park missed the win of a piece on board 3 and drew a couple of moves later. Boards 1 and 2 also drew. Park Forest took the lead with a win on board 6, but it was evened up by an Oak Park win on board 6. Oak Park seemed poised to win the match as they had a two pawn up rook ending on board 5. However after many moves, Tony Schroeder had to concede a draw to Bob Bain of Park Forest when he could not make any progress. As Park Forest won their regular season match versus Oak Park, they finished second.

In regular season play Chessmates scored 4 wins and a draw with Park Forest to win the league handily. Park Forest was second at 3-1-1. Oak Park and Hillside finished at 3-2. The P-K4 and Lithuania clubs were the other teams entered in the Open Division.

Park Forest capped a perfect league season by winning the Under 1900 Division of the playoffs. They topped second place finisher Oak Park A in a tight (3.5-2.5) first round match, and never looked back. The other

competing teams were Arlington Heights, 87th Street, and Oak Park's B and C teams.

CHOW, TOMAS, BROCK TOP 10TH HYDE PARK OPEN
by Harold Winston

Albert Chow, John Tomas, and Bill Brock each scored 3-0 to top the 10th Hyde Park Open. This was the first time this event was on the ICA Tour, as a mini-tour event, and it attracted a strong field of 6 masters and 5 experts out of the 38 players competing. Brock earned his share of first by persistent endgame play against Billy Colias (2300) in the last round. Unfortunately after his fine play Brock found he had left his car lights on, causing his battery to go dead, and he was several hours late getting home. Class prize winners included David Steele and Doug Middleton (A), Richard Smiley and Tim Pradzinski (B), James Enochs (C), and Daniel McNeal (D/E/UNR).

The 9th Groundhog Swiss drew 34 players and featured upsets in the top two sections whose winners were among the two lowest rated in each section: Erik Ronneberg (1535) and Jerry Karlin (1343). Other section winners: Jordy Rocheleau, Steve Reedy and Demetrio Ornelas, and Leo Quezada.

Six teams and 47 players battled in the 10th Hyde Park Scholastic. Wilson finished as top team with 13.5-2.5, followed by Flinn with 12, Albright with 10.5, and Benjamin School District with 8. Both the top two teams came all the way from Rockford. Individual co-champions with perfect 4-0 scores were Brad McGee of Wilson, Nathaniel Hughes of Carver, and Doug Lundquist of Wilson. Gregg Miller of Flinn was top 6th grade and under.

All 3 events were organized by Harold Winston and directed by Harold Winston and Todd Barre at the Univ. of Chicago High School. Fred Gruenberg's help is appreciated.

PATZER'S PARADISE I
by Barry Fisher

For the last few years a 4-SS tornado in central Illinois was measured as a success if 25 players entered, and 30 entries was considered excellent. As few as 12 or 15 was not unheard of. The Patzer's Paradise I, held at the Illini Union in Urbana on February 2, shattered this conception by drawing an unbelievable 65 entries! Although several players came from as far as Peoria and Terre Haute, the vast majority were from the Champaign-Urbana area. Clearly, the appetite for competition in this part of the state is not being satisfied.

The tournament was a lazy director's nightmare from the beginning. The rooms were reserved as requested, but the tables were card tables rather than the larger tables. This gave a capacity of 12 games (24 players) rather than 24 games as requested. Fortunately the Union was quick to remedy the problem by replacing the card tables. They were also kind enough to bring in extra tables as the "gate" entries piled up, so nobody had to play on the floor.

The next problem arose when several games dragged on at length. Despite having adjourned several games from rounds 1 and 2, round 3 did not start until about 4pm. To make matters worse, the adjournments had to be played to completion before round 4 could be paired because several of the players with adjournments had won in rounds 2 and 3. The results of the adjournments would affect pairings of prize winners in every class. As a result, round 4 was not started until 10:30 pm, 4 1/2 hours late! 8 players decided to withdraw rather than wait for round 4, and several of them had a chance at the D/E/UNR prize. This tragedy was by far the most negative aspect of an otherwise encouraging tournament.

As round 4 and the director's stamina wore on, a new problem arose. The club reservation of the room lasted until midnight, but the games could easily last past that point. At 11:55, with roughly 15 games still going, the director was able to beg for more time. At

12:30am, we were told, we would have to adjourn to the Vending Room, a 24-hour haunt for Illini insomniacs.

When 12:30 came, the director went from board to board asking the players to stop the clocks, record the position, collect their possessions and adjourn to the Vending Room. There were some 7 or 8 games still in progress and nearly all the prize money still up for grabs. The players were all informed that the director had no control over conditions at the new site. Despite the muted buzz of conversation, the moderately loud hum of machinery, and an unidentified sporadic banging from upstairs, not a murmur of complaint did the director hear from the players. Finally, at 2:30am, the last game was agreed drawn. The director was grateful.

(cont. on pg. 17)



A HORDE DESCENDS ON URBANA (photo by Ron Torregrossa)

ILLINOIS GRADE SCHOOL STATE CHAMPIONSHIPS

by John Barstad

The first ICA sanctioned Illinois Grade School State Championships were held at Evergreen School, Carol Stream on March 2nd & 3rd. A very strong field of 137 students participated in the seven round, two section event. Four of the Illinois players rank in the USCF Top 50 for their age categories and a group of 20 from Terre Haute Ind. (not eligible for Ill. titles) included four more top student chess players. However the eight did suffer 9 loses and 6 draws in 50 games with the field; and the State Champions in both sections were not on these prestigious lists prior to the tournament.

The ICA sponsored a very popular "Masters Discussion Table" staffed by Eric Schiller, Kevin Bachler, and Tim Redman; the students discussed their games, received some top notch advice, and heard some interesting and amusing chess stories between rounds.

Jim and Helen Warren provided the young chess players the opportunity to purchase chess books and supplies at a discount. For many it was the largest (and only) display of chess material they had seen.

The volunteer TD's, Erv Sedlock chief TD, Tim Just, Steve Surak and Jeff Wiewel were kept scurrying by the format of 7 rounds in two short days, yet produced marvelous results.

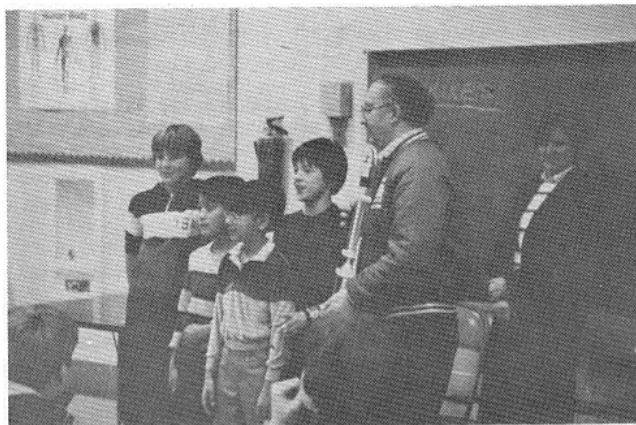
The Team Championship portion of the event prevented the pairing of two players from the same school, as the best four results from each school counted for the Team totals.

Doug Lundquist won the 6th thru 8th Grade State Championship with a 6-1 record. He also led Coach Russ Miller's Wilson Middle School of Rockford to the Team Championship, after a seesaw battle with Rockford's Flinn School coached by Joe Drennan. Benjamin School, West Chicago, finished third, followed by Central Jr. High of So. Chicago Hts., and Albright School in Villa Park; which edged out Carver Jr. High of Chicago on tie breaks.



WILSON MIDDLE SCHOOL (6th-8th Grade Champions)

The Fifth Grade and Under section was dominated by Ray Doyle Satterlee's team from Americana School in Glendale Heights. The fight for second was won by John Hensey School of Washington Il. followed by Robein School of East Peoria over Evergreen School of Carol Stream by tie break, and Albright School's younger team finished fifth.



AMERICANA SCHOOL (5th Grade and Under Champions)

Americana's Ravi Patel is the State Champion Fifth Grade and Under, a full point ahead of his closest competitor, with a 6 1/2- 1/2 performance.

All entrants earned Participation Ribbons and 3rd through 10th place in each grade level received Place Ribbons. The following won individual trophies:

State Champion 6th Thru 8th Grade

Doug Lundquist; Wilson Mdl. Rockford
#1 Grade 8 Evan Rynes; Jefferson Woodridge
#2 Grade 8 John Barstad; Benjamin Carol Stream
#1 Grade 7 Doug Drennan; Wilson Mdl. Rockford
#2 Grade 7 Brad McGee; Wilson Mdl. Rockford
#1 Grade 6 Greg Miller; Flinn School Rockford
#2 Grade 6 Jaspel Sodhi; Albright Elmhurst

State Champion 5th Grade & Under

Ravi Patel; Americana Glendale Hts
#1 Grade 5 J. Precstrom; Albright Villa Park
#2 Grade 5 Brad Crawford; Pierce Downers Grove
#1 Grade 4 Bill Kinsman; Robein East Peoria
#2 Grade 4 Soovin Kim; Oakview Bolingbrook
#1 Grade 3 Jason Betts; John Hensey Washington
#2 Grade 3 Chanda Betts; John Hensey Washington



KARL KALLUSCH AND DANIELLE BARSTAD

PEORIA WINTER TORNADO

David Mote, Bruce Gardner, and Andy McGowan each scored 4 points to top a massive 50 player field at the Bradley Student Center cafeteria on Feb. 23. Phil Anderson was top A with 3 points, Michael Pawlik and Gregory Grover also scored 3 to split the B prize, Jim Roy was top C with 2 1/2, and Phil Kasper and David Grover each scored 1 1/2 to share the D/E/UNR prize.



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	\$100, \$ 50	1st, 2nd Expert	(2000-2199)
	\$100, \$ 50	1st, 2nd Class A	(1800-1999)
	\$100, \$ 50	1st, 2nd Class B	(1600-1799)

RESERVE SECTION

Open to players rated below 1600 or unrated

Entry fee: \$20.00 by mail; \$22.00 by telephone; \$25.00 at registration

<u>Guaranteed prizes:</u>	\$100, \$ 50	1st, 2nd Class C	(1400-1599)
	\$ 80, \$ 40	1st, 2nd Class D	(1200-1399)
	\$ 80, \$ 40	1st, 2nd Class E	(1-1199)
	\$ 75, \$ 35	1st, 2nd Unrated Players	

SCHOLASTIC SECTION

Open to players in grades 1-12

Entry fee: \$4.00 by mail; \$5.00 by telephone; \$5.00 at registration.

Trophies: Top ten individuals + Top three each Class C, D, E, unrated
Top three high school teams of four players from same school
Top three junior high teams of four players from same school

Book: Top Upset chooses MCO or Batsford opening book (unrated not eligible)

Trophies donated by Cusanelli's Restaurant

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Rounds: 10:00, 2:30, 7:00 Sat.
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UNDER THE MICROSCOPE

By Albert Chow

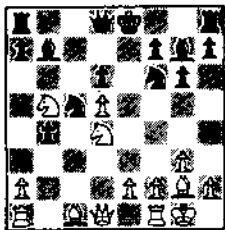
And now for your viewing pleasure, here are three games from the 1984 Illinois State Championship:

Albert Chow(2347)-Lawrence Chachere(2215) Benoni

1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 e6 3 g3 c5 4 d5 exd5 5 cxd5 b5!?

(5...d6) 6 Bg2 d6 (6...Bb7) 7 b4! (A surprising move at first sight. White must hit Black's queenside majority before Black consolidates. Another move with a similar idea is 7 a4) Na6 (If Black accepts White's positional gambit with 7...cxb4 8 a3 bxa3 9 Nxa3 White has good compensation with a lead in development and the strong d4 square for a knight, and Black's pieces are disorganized after he guards the b-pawn with 9...Bd7 or 9...Qd7. Not 9...a6? 10 Nxb5, or 9...b4? 10 Qa4+) 8 bxc5 Nxc5 9 Nf3 g6 10 O-O Bg7 11 Nd4 Bb7!?

(This new move was mentioned by Kasparov in his notes to the game Kasparov-Korchnoi, London Match Game 11. In that game Korchnoi played 11...O-O and got into trouble after 12 Nc3 a6 13 Nc6 Qc7 14 Be3 Bb7 15 Bd4 Rfe8 16 a4) 12 Nc3! (The strongest move. Kasparov only mentions 12 Nxb5 Nfe4 13 Nd4 Bxd5 with unclear play) b4 (12...a6 is too passive and would lead to positions similar to the Kasparov-Korchnoi game) 13 Ncb5!



AFTER 13 Ncb5!

is stuck in the center. Black can improve on move 16 with 16...Qxc7! 17 Bxa8 O-O 18 Bf3 Nfe4 19 Rb1 Nc3 20 Qc2 Nxb1 21 Qxb1 and White has compensation for the missing pawn) 13...Nxd5 14 Bxd5! Bxd5 15 Bf4 (Black has difficult problems to solve. 15...Bf8, 15...Nb7, 15...Be5 can all be met by 16 Nf5!, although after 15...Be5 I was interested in the possibility of 16 Nxd6+ Bxd6 17 Bxd6 Qxd6 18 Nb5 Qc6 19 Qxd5 Qxd5 20 Nc7+) 15...Ne4 16 Nf5! (The logical continuation of White's initiative. Black's d-pawn and bishop are under fire. 16...Bxa1? 17 Nfxd6+ Nxd6 18 Nxd6+ and 19 Qxd5 is hopeless) gxf5 17 Qxd5 O-O! (17...Bxa1? 18 Nxd6+ Nxd6 19 Bxd6 leaves Black faced with the threat of Qc6+. After 19...Rc8 20 Bxa1 White has the new threat of Qe5+ and there is no defence) 18 Ra1 Nc3 (Black can't guard all his weak pawns. 18...Qd7 19 Rc7 Qe6 20 Qxe6 fxe6 21 Nxd6 leaves White with the better end-game) 19 Nxc3 bxc3 20 Qxf5! (The more important pawn since now Black's d-pawn and kingside are exposed. The tactical complications are over, the smoke has cleared, and White has a clear positional advantage) Re8 21 e3 Qb6 22 Rfd1 Rad8? (Better chances of defending were offered by 22...Re6. Now White is able to exchange Black's bishop, weakening not only Black's kingside, but also the c3 pawn) 23 Bg5 Rc8 24 Bf6 Bxf6 25 Qxf6 Re6 26 Qg5+ Rg6 27 Qf5 Rc5 28 Qd3 Qa5 29 Rc2 d5 30 Rdel Rgc6 31 Qd4 (Black's defence is difficult. White can harass Black's kingside with Kg2, h4, h5, etc.) Rc4 32 Qe5 Qc5 33 Qg5+ Rg6 34 Qd8+ Kg7 35 Rd1 Qd4?!

(35...Rd6 doesn't lose the d-pawn right away, but 36 Qg5+ Kf8 37 Rd3 puts the pawns under powerful pressure) 36 Rxd5 Qxd8 37 Rxd8 Rb6 38 Rd3 Rb2? (38...Rbc6 would have prolonged the fight and given White technical difficulties) 39 Rxc3 Rxc3 40 Rxc3 Rxa2 41 Rc7 Kg6 42 Kg2 h6 43 g4 a5 44 Ra7 a4 45 Kg3 a3 46 h4 Kg7 47 h5 Ral 48 Kf4 a2 49 Kf5 Kh8 50 e4 Kg7 51 e5 Kg8 52 f4 Kh8 53 e6! Rel (53...fxe6+ 54 Kg6) 54 exf7

Kg7 55 Rxa2 Kxf7 56 Ra7+ Kg8 57 g5 hxg5 58 fxg5! Rb1 59 h6 Kh8 60 g6 Rb5+ 61 Kf6 Rb6+ 62 Kf7 Rb7+! 63 Kf8! Rb8+ (63...Rxa7 64 g7+ Kh7 65 g8/Q+ Kxh6 66 Qg1 is an easy win) 64 Ke7! Rc8 65 Rd7 1-0

Masters almost never lose games in under 20 moves. But master chessplayers are human just like everyone else.

Morris Giles(2275)-Mariano Acosta(2252) King's Gambit

1 e4 e5 2 f4 d5 (The Falkbeer Countergambit. Theory considers it somewhat dubious, but the variations are complicated, and if White does not remember them he's in big trouble) 3 exd5 e4 4 d3 Nf6 5 Qe2? (Now Black seizes the initiative. The recommended variation begins 5 dxe4! Nxe4 6 Nf3! Bc5 7 Qe2) Bf5 (5...Bg4 or 5...Qxd5 also bring Black good chances) 6 Nf3 (White's position is very ugly since it's difficult to develop properly. 6 Nc3 Bb4 or 6 Nd2 Qxd5 don't solve White's problems) Qxd5 7 Nc3 Bb4 8 Bd2 (8 Nd2 Bxc3 9 bxc3 O-O 10 d4 was an alternite) Bxc3 9 Bxc3 O-O 10 Nd4?

(The last mistake. 10 dxe4 or 10 Ne5 held better chances of surviving) Re8 12 Nxf5 Nc6! O-1

Grandmaster Andrew Soltis was on vacation in the area with his wife Marcy. Here is the only game he did not win at the 1984 Illinois Open.

Mariano Acosta(2252)-GM Andrew Soltis(2527) KID

1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 d6 3 Nc3 Nbd7 4 Nf3 g6 5 e3 e5 6 Be2 Bg7 (This position should be compared to its mirror image which occurs when White chooses the King's Indian Attack versus the French Defence. For example 1 e4 e6 2 d3 d5 3 Nd2 c5 4 Ngf3 Nc6 5 g3 Nf6 6 Bg2 Be7) 7 O-O (The difference between them is that now it's the "French" player's turn to move instead of the "Indian" player's turn) O-O 8 b4 Re8 9 a4 e4 10 Nd2 Nf8 11 h5 h5 (An interesting position. Who's attack is faster, Black's on the kingside or White's on the queenside?) 12 a5 N8h7 (12...a6!?) 13 a6 b6 14 Ba3 Bf5 15 Rcl h4 (15...Ng4!?) 16 c5 d5 17 cxb6 cxb6! 18 Na2 h3?! (It may have been better to delay this move so White would not be threatening a later g4, as occurs in the game) 19 g3 Ng5? (Now White obtains dangerous threats. 19...Qd7 20 Nb4 Bf8! was equal) 20 Nb4 Re6? 21 Nc6? (21 g4 seems to win a piece!) Qe8 22 g4 Rxc6 23 Rxc6? (Now Black wins one pawn for the exchange. After 23 bxc6 Be6 24 Kh1 Black would have trouble proving he has compensation) Bd7 24 Rc7 Bxb5 25 Re7 Qc6 (Perhaps this move was overlooked by White) 26 f4 exf3 27 Nxf3 Nxf3 28 Rxf3 Bxe2 29 Qxe2 Bf8 (Ooops! It pays to kick a GM when he's down because they don't give you a second chance. Luckily, white has enough resources to save material) 30 Rxf7! Kxf7 31 g5 Bg7 32 Qf1 Qe6 33 gxf6 Bxf6 34 Rxh3 Kg7 35 Rg3 Rc8 36 Qf4 Qe4 (Both players were short of time and neither wanted to risk losing, so...) Draw Agreed

The following sharp battle is from the 1984 Midwest Team Championship:

Mariano Acosta(2252)-Lester Van Meter(2367) Slav

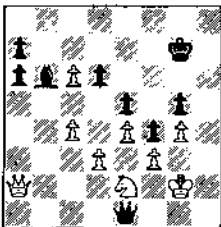
1 d4 d5 2 c4 c6 3 cxd5 cxd5 4 Nc3 Nf6 5 Bf4 Nc6 6 e3 Bf5 7 Nf3 e6 (The exchange Slav has a drawish reputation it does not deserve. It is very easy for either side to create an unbalanced position. This game is a good example) 8 Ne5 (Alternatives include 8 Bd3, 8 Rcl, 8 Qb3, and 8 Bb5) Nd7 (8...Nxe5 or 8...Bd6 can also be played, but not 8...Rc8? 9 Nxc6 bxc6 10 Ba6 winning an exchange) 9 g4 (A new idea. 9 Nxc6 bxc6 10 Be2 with the plan of positional pressure on the queenside is more usual) 8g6 10 Nxg6 hxg6 11 Bd3 Bb4 (White has gained the bishop pair, but the weakened White kingside gives Black counterplay) 12 Qc2?! (White is speculating on a Bxg6 sacrifice, but it's easily defended and the queen is exposed on the open c-file. Alternites are 12

Bg3, 12 Rc1, and 12 O-O!?) Rc8 13 a3 (13 Bxg6? fxc6 14 Qxg6+ Kf8 is unsound) Ba5 (13...Bxc3+ is also good) 14 Bxg6? Qf6! (14...fxg6 15 Qxg6+ Kf8 16 Bd6+ Ne7 17 Qxe6 could be dangerous) 15 Bd3 Nxd4! 16 Qa4 Rxc3! 17 bxc3 Bxc3+ 18 Kf1 g5? (After 18...Bxa1 White doesn't have any compensation for the piece he is down) 19 Rb1! gxf4 20 exd4 f3 (This doesn't save Black, but there is no way to save the pinned knight since 20...Qxd4 21 Qxd4 Bxd4 22 Rxb7 leaves Black with a lost endgame) 21 Rxb7 O-O (21...Qd8 22 Bb5) 22 Qc2 Bxd4 23 Rxd7 Rb8 (White's extra rook is out of play on h1, and Black threatens Rb2. However, a rook is a rook, and with accurate moves White has the win) 24 g5! Qf4 25 g6! Qh4 26 gxf7+ Kf8 27 Bb5! Qh3+ 28 Ke1 Bxf2+ (What else? 28...Qg2 29 Rf1 Rxb5 30 Qc8+) 29 Qxf2 Rxb5 30 Rd8+ Kxf7 31 Qxa7+ Kf6 32 Rf8+ Ke5 33 Qc7+ Kd4 34 Qf4+ Kd3 35 Qxf3+ Qxf3 36 Rxf3+ Kd4 37 Kf2 Rb2+ 38 Kg3 Rd2 39 a4 e5 40 Ra3 e4 41 a5 e3 42 a6 1-0

The 1984 Put the Fun Back Into Chess tournament was full of upsets. One of the people responsible was Todd Barre. By winning against Seewi(2083), Bereolos(2250), and drawing DeFotis(2444), Barre gained 95 rating points! What's the secret? Examine the following game for a clue to the answer.

Peter Bereolos(2250)-Todd Barre(1960) English

1 Nf3 f5 2 c4 Nf6 3 Ne3 e6 4 g3 d6 5 Bg2 Be7 6 O-O O-O 7 d3 (7 d4 is more aggressive, preventing ...e5) e5 8 b4 Qe8 9 Bg5?! (More consistent would be 9 Rb1 and 10 b5. Exchanging off White's dark squared bishop is bad because it leaves White weaker on the dark squares without the bishop to cover them) Nbd7! 10 Nd2 h6 11 Bxf6 Nxf6 12 b5 g5 13 Nd5 Bd8! (13...Nxd5? 14 cxd5! gives White pressure down the c-file against the c7 pawn) 14 a4 Rb8! (Removing the rook from the dangerous h1-a8 diagonal and preparing to develop the bishop at c8 by protecting the b-pawn) 15 Rb1 (Prevents 15...c6) f4 (15...g4 is another idea) 16 Nxf6+?! (16 a5 or 16 Ne4 were more economical ways of continuing. In races between attacks on opposite wings every tempo is vital) Bxf6 17 Ne4 Be6 18 Nc3 Qh5 19 Bd5 (White feels Black's kingside attack is becoming too dangerous, so piece exchanges are begun) Qe8 20 e4! (Now the bishop is active, so White places his pawns on white squares, hoping to make Black's dark-squared bishop a bad piece. However, the bishop has an escape, the g1-a7 diagonal!) Kh7?! (As will be seen on move 23, the king belongs on g7) 21 Bxe6 Qxe6 22 g4 Rbe8 23 f3 Kxg7! 24 a5 Rh8! 25 Kg2 h5 26 h3 hxg4 27 hxg4? (It's easier to defend after 27 fxc4 because the h-file remains closed) Rh4 28 Qc2? (Not active enough. 28 Qa4 stops ...c6 and prepares a6) Reh8 29 Rh1 Bd8! (Threatening to capture control of the h-file with 30...Qh6 as well as preparing ...c6) 30 Rxh4 Rxh4 31 Rh1 Rxh1 32 Kxh1 c6! 33 Qa2 Qh6+ 34 Kg2 Qh4! (Threatens 35...Qg3) 35 Ne2 Qe1! 36 a6 bxa6 37 bxc6 Bb6



AFTER 37...Bb6

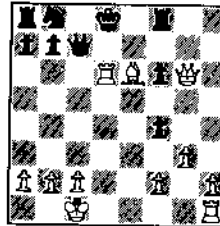
The next game is also an upset, played at the Chicago Chess Center.

Greg Shapiro(1527)-Bill Smythe(1957) French

1 e4 e6 2 d4 d5 3 Nd2 Nf6 4 e5 Ne4?! (4...Nfd7 is correct) 5 Nxe4 (After 5 Bd3 Nxd2 6 Bxd2 White has a big lead in development) dxe4 6 g3! (Preparing to attack the weak pawn on e4 with Bg2. 6 Be3 is also

good) c5 7 Bg2 cxd4 8 Bxe4 Qa5+?! (This does win White's e-pawn, but in return White gets a huge lead in development. Better was 8...Nc6 9 Nf3 Bc5) 9 Bd2 Qxe5 10 Qe2 Qc7 11 Bf4? (11 O-O-O or 11 Nf3 were more accurate) e5?! (Tempting, but White finds a strong reply. Black should try to catch up in development with 11...Bb4+, since 12 c3? dxc3! 13 Bxc7 cxb2+ wins for Black) 12 Nf3! f6? (12...Bb4 or 12...Bd6 were needed in order to bring out the undeveloped pieces. Not 12...exf4?? 13 Bc6+!) 13 Nxd4! Bd7? (Again the best defence was 13...Bb4+ forcing 14 Kf1, since 14 c3? Bc3+! is bad. Now White's pieces vigorously crash through Black's position)

14 O-O-O! Be7 15 Qh5+ Kf8 16 Bd5! g6 17 Qh6+ Ke8 18 Qg7 Rf8 19 Qxh7! (The beginning of the end) exf4 20 Qxg6+ Kd8 21 Nxe6+ Bxe6 22 Be6+ Bd6 23 Rxd6+!



AFTER 23 Rxd6+!

38 Qg5+ Ke8 39 Qxh4 Ne5 40 Qe1 1-0

And now another game showing the penalty for not developing pieces properly. This example is from the 1984 Oak Park Closed Championship.

Mark Marovitch(2080)-Chris Musgrave(1975) Sicilian

1 e4 c5 2 Nf3 Nc6 3 d4 cxd4 4 Nxd4 e5?! (This is the Lowenthal Variation. It has a poor theoretical reputation because Black accepts weaknesses on the d-file and often must gambit material trying to get counterplay) 5 Nb5 a6 (5...d6 6 c4 gives White solid control over d5) 6 Nd6+ Bxd6 7 Qxd6 Qf6 (After 7...Qe7 both 8 Qxe7+ and 8 Qd1 are good for White) 8 Qd3?! (On this square the queen is exposed to a later ...Nb4 or ...Bf5. The strongest move may be 8 Qd1 when Black usually continues 8...Qg6 9 Nc3, and now Black has two moves, but neither equalizes the game: 9...Nge7 10 h4! h5 11 Bg5 d5 12 exd5 Nb4 13 Bxe7 Kxe7 14 Bd3! Nxd3 15 Qxd3 Qxd3 16 cxd3 b5 17 a3, or 9...d5 10 Nxd5! Qxe4+ 11 Be3 Nd4 12 Nc7+ Ke7 13 Rc1! d5 (8...Nb4? 9 Qc4 gets nowhere. 8...Nge7 is an interesting alternative) 9 Nc3! (Black is given an advantage in development after both 9 exd5 Bf5 10 Qd1 O-O-O and 9 Qxd5 Be6) Nb4 (9...d4! 10 Nd5 Qd8 leaves White with greater mobility, but Black's game is solid) 10 Qd1 d4 11 a3! dxc3? (More stubborn defence could have been offered with either 11...Nc6 12 Nd5 Qd8, or 11...Nxc2+ 12 Qxc2 dxc3) 12 axb4 cxb2 13 Bb5+! (Even better then 13 Bxb2) Kf8! (Black loses after 13...axb5? 14 Rxa8 b1/Q 15 Rxc8+ Ke7 16 Qd8+ Ke6 17 Qd5+ Ke7 18 Qxb7 and 19 Rc6+) 14 Bb2 (Black is undeveloped, uncoordinated, and his king is unsafe. There is no adequate defence) h5 15 Bxe5 Qb6 (d8 must be protected) 16 Qd6+ Qxd6 17 Bxd6+ Ne7 18 O-O Be6 19 Bd3 Rd8 20 Bc5 f6 21 b5! axb5 22 Bxb5 Kf7 23 Ra7 Bc8 24 Bc4+ Ke8 25 Ra8 Bd7 26 Rfa1 Nc6 27 Bd5 Rc8 28 f4 Rh6 29 f5 (Black has no moves. If people resigned positions like this there would be much less suffering in the world) g5 30 Rxc8 Bxc8 31 Ra8 1-0

And now for a change of pace, here are three games without notes from the First FIDE Team Challenge, held in Hyde Park Jan. 4-6. Play them over for amusement or serious study.

(cont. on pg. 18)

REFLECTIONS ON THE ILLINOIS-WISCONSIN MATCH
(and a few other matters)

by Kevin L. Bachler

Since I first became active in tournament chess in 1971, I have wanted to hold an event like this one. I wanted to prove to people that there were several sites in northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin where good chess tournaments, featuring players from both states, could be held. With the help of several individuals, I think we managed to prove this point.

The first Illinois-Wisconsin match was decided heavily in Wisconsin's favor. Actually, I wasn't surprised, because I believe Wisconsin players have stronger feelings of comraderie, and loyalty to their state. While Illinois does have a greater number of strong players, we were quite unable to get them to play, as our average rating of 1848 versus the 2006 Wisconsin average rating points out. It is also interesting to note that Wisconsin had 42 players show up for this event, even though many of them knew that their chances of playing in the match were slim. Illinois was able to field only 29 players, and had to borrow a Wisconsin player to fill out our team.

There were some complaints from Illinois players about how this event was organized. True, there were some problems, but this was this event's first year, and it was somewhat difficult to know how to approach some of the problems. For example, many Illinois players did not want to show up unless they knew two weeks ahead of time that they would definitely play. This was quite different from the Wisconsin reaction, and the type of event makes it difficult to promise participation until the last minute.

The team captain must put together as strong of a team as possible. Although there was a great deal of advance notice in the ICB, Chess Life, and in flyers distributed at several events, most notably the Illinois Open and the Lake County Open, I received very

little response from Illinois masters. Notable by volunteering was Al Chow. Personally, I don't feel that the organizer of an event like this should be in the position of having to call every master in his state to see if they care to play! I would rather have lower rated players who want to play. However, I did decide that I would do a mailing to all Illinois masters, and give them a chance to respond.

The letter I sent out was a request for them to play. Further, in order to keep matters simple, players who said they could play needed only to show up at the match unless I contacted them and told them otherwise. Because of the maximum average team rating of 2000 it may have been possible that if too many masters responded, one or two of them might not be able to play.

Of the few responses I received, one master never showed up at the match. When I called master another the day before the match, he said he needed more than a one day notice. (In spite of the fact that the letter said I would call only if the master could not be allowed to play due to the maximum rating requirement.) Another master said he would play if and only if transportation were provided. While I would have been willing to try to help him find a car pool, I am not in the transportation business. My feeling was (and is) that if he wants to play, and represent his state, then he should find a ride.

Unfortunately, Al Chow also became ill. He was courteous enough to call me and let me know that he would not be able to play. While I have not always agreed with Chow, I must say this: he is one of the most courteous and professional chessplayers I have ever met. In many ways, particularly relating to what I call professional courtesy, he is one of the classiest chessplayers I have met. There were several players at the match who felt that Chow didn't play because there wasn't any money involved. While that may have been true for some Illinois masters, that was definitely not true for Al Chow.

RULE CHANGES

Effective April 1, 1985

Reported by Bill Saythe

The following changes in the Laws of Chess were voted by FIDE at its special meeting on March 18, 1985. The changes were proposed by the Federacion del Ajedrez de Mexico and appear below as amended by a few other member Federations. According to old FIDE custom, the effective date of the changes is 14 days following their adoption.

In proposing the changes, the president of the Mexican federation stated:

"In recent decades we have seen far too many of the so-called 'grandmaster draws.' Some of these draws come about by prior agreement, of course, but by far the majority occur because of the drawish nature of the game itself. In order to create imbalance in a position, it has been necessary to take far too great a risk of losing. Our proposals are aimed at creating an inherently more unbalanced game."

The rule changes are as follows:

I. The number of squares on the Chessboard shall be increased to 81, with a 9-by-9 playing field. The four corner squares shall be White.

II. Each side shall have one additional Pawn and one additional Queen. The King shall be placed in the center square of the first rank, with the Queens being placed on either side of the King. The second rank shall have nine Pawns.

III. Pawns on the second rank may move one, two, or three squares. Pawns on the third rank may move one or two squares.

IV. A Pawn which moves two squares from either the second or third rank may be captured en passant by an enemy Pawn which could have captured it had it moved only one square. A Pawn which moves three squares from the second rank may also be captured en passant by an enemy Pawn which could have captured it had it moved only one or two squares.

The rules were approved by a vote of 40 to 13 after a lengthy discussion. During the discussion, proponents argued that:

(1) The extra Queen would surely produce a greater number of tactical possibilities, thus reducing the number of draws;

(2) The new Pawn moves would contribute further toward this goal;

(3) The possibility of Bishops-of-opposite-color endings is eliminated, thus getting rid of one of the most persistent sources of draws;

(4) Players would no longer have the good-Bishop-vs-bad-Bishop problem to contend with, as by placing all Pawns on Black a player would have strong squares of both colors without sacrificing mobility.

In opposition, some of the delegates pointed out that:

(1) Two Bishops and King versus King would no longer win, thus ADDING a drawing possibility;

(2) White would have a tremendous initial advantage, as by playing 1 e5 he would immediately control the entire center.

In rebuttal of these arguments, the proponents stated that:

(1) The possibility of two B's vs K would be minimal, since with the elimination of bad Bishops the opportunities to trade off Bishops would be increased;

(2) Black could answer 1 e5 with 1....d6 and 2....f6 (both protected by Queens) and thus immediately challenge the center.

Proponents also pointed out that:

(3) Bishop and Knight vs King would now be

easier, despite the larger board, because a player could now mate in any of the four corners.

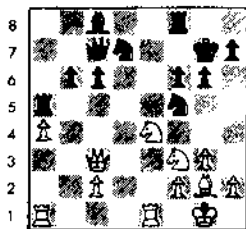
At this point, a motion was introduced to prohibit promotion of Pawns to black-square Bishops. Those in favor of the motion felt that, within a few decades, the notion of a black-square Bishop would be so repugnant that it should be, in the words of the German delegate, "permanentisch verboten." The opponents, on the other hand, felt that the possibility of black-square Bishops, even if remote, would add color to the game.

The motion was defeated.

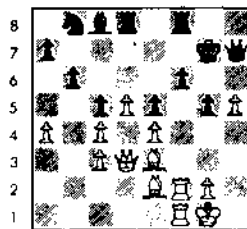
Another motion was then introduced, to prohibit White from moving any Pawn three squares on his first move. The proposal was mainly designed to prevent 1 e5, thus diluting the "center-control" argument described above. The motion died for lack of a second, the delegates apparently feeling that the resultant loss of symmetry in the rules was undesirable.

No further motions were introduced, and the proposed changes were adopted.

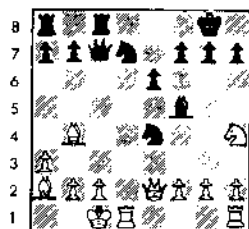
FIDE hopes that, with these changes, chess will become more exciting and April will become less foolish.



1
White to Move



2
White to Move



3
Black to Move

REGION VII POSTAL PUZZLES

BY
Tim Just

Here are three positions from ICA/Region VII Postal play.

White to move and win in positions 1 and 2. Black gets his first move in position 3.

My thanks to Craig Sandford and the first ICA/Region VII Postal Champion Dave Taylor for sharing their efforts with us.

If you would like to share any of your ICA/Region VII Postal experiences with us, contact Tim Just, 1521 Circle Ct., Waukegan, Illinois 60085. Send your puzzle like positions (or at least the game score) with any analysis. Be sure to include the section and opponent. I feel that all of us that have played in this fine event have at least one game position that we would like to share with other ICA members. Pat yourself on the back--send in those positions!

(PLEASE STAND UPSIDE-DOWN TO READ SOLUTIONS BELOW)

1.) Dave Taylor Vs Jim Warren, 1980 Finals: 19. g4 Nf6 20. Nf5! Nf5 (20... Nc5 21. Nxf6 Rxf6 22. Nxh7 with an attack) 21. Nxf6 Rxf6 22. Rxe5 Rxe5 23. Qxe5 1-0. Black was going to lose more material due to the pin on his rook and his knight. Notes by Taylor.

2.) Craig Sandford Vs Elv Sedlock, 83-5: 30. Bxg5 fxg3 31. Qg3 Rxf2 (A. 31... Rg8 32. Qxe5 Rxf2) 32. Qxe5 Rxf2 33. Qxg5+ Kf7 34. Rxf2+ Nxf8 35. Qe5+ or B. 31... Nd7 32. Qxg5+ Kf8 33. Rxf8+ Rxf8 34. Rxf8 Nxf8 35. Qd8 or C. 31... Qh6 32. Qxe5+ Kg8 33. Rxf8+ Rxf8 34. Rxf8 35. Qxb8)

SOLUTIONS

32. Qxg5+ Rf7 33. Rxf2+ Ke8 34. Qxe5+ Qe7 35. Qxb8 and Black resigned in short order. Notes by Sandford.

3.) Peter Connor Vs Dave Taylor, 82F2 16... Qf5+ 17. Kpl (17. g3 Qxh4 18. Rxd7 Nxf2) 17... Qxh4 18. Rxd7 Rxc2 19. Qxc2 Nc3+! (19... Nxf2 20. Qxf5! exf5 21. Rxf7 Kh8 22. Bf8 Qe4+ 23. Ka1 Qxg2 24. Bxg7+ Qxg7 25. Rxf7 Kxf7 26. Rf1 etc. draws for White) 20. Bxc3 Bxc2+ (20. Bxc3 Bxc2+ 21. Kxc2 Qa4) 21. Kxc2 a5. The game score indicates White resigned on move 18. Notes by Taylor.

(Fred Gruenberg passes on a clipping he found in an old CHESS REVIEW, and mentions that Dick Verber still considers it one of his best games ever. It is interesting to note that Verber's victim in this game, Mitchell Sweig, is still an active player in the area.)



RICHARD VERBER
won the First Chicago Open Tournament as related, page 323, November issue.

UNITED STATES

**ILLINOIS 1962
Chicago Open**

Beyond Praise

Youngster Verber, who won the tournament on tie-breaking points, advertises great talent with this game. His handling of the attack is beyond praise.

SICILIAN DEFENSE

Richard Verber		M. Sweig
White		Black
1 P-K4	P-QB4	6 B-QB4 P-K3
2 N-KB3	N-QB3	7 O-O P-QR3
3 P-Q4	PxP	8 P-QR3 Q-B2
4 NxP	N-B3	9 B-R2 P-QN4
5 N-QB3	P-Q3	10 B-K3 N-QR4

Black's last is premature. As the intended . . . N-QB5 cannot be played with proper effect, Black only loses time. 10 . . . B-N2 is indicated here.

11 Q-K2 B-Q2

Not 11 . . . N-B5 12 N/4xP!

12 QR-Q1 R-B1

Now 12 . . . N-B5 can be played but lacks the point which it ought to have in that 13 B-B1, NxRP works adversely because of 14 N-Q5!.

13 B-B1 N-B5

14 R-Q3

Now Black's Knight maneuver is frustrated, and White has substantially strengthened his position.

14 B-K2

15 R-N3 K-B1

Castling is very dangerous yet offers a better chance (15 . . . O-O 16 B-R6, N-K1 after which neither 17 BxP nor 17 N-B5 works).

16 K-R1 P-R3

17 P-B4 Q-N3

18 R-Q3

This is the best way to maintain the Knight on Q4 which in turn is important for the impending Pawn breakthrough.

18 Q-B2
19 BxN PxB

Or 19 . . . QxB 20 P-K5 etc. with similar consequences. Black tries vainly to win a tempo toward saving his King.

20 R-N3 K-N1

The King walks from one treacherous vis-a-vis to another.

21 P-K5 N-K1

22 P-B5! KPxB

Or 22 . . . QPxP 23 PxP, PxN 24 PxP†, and White wins: e.g. 24 . . . K-B1 25 PxN(Q)†, KxQ 26 RxP, PxN 27 R/1-B7.

23 P-K6! PxP

24 NxKP BxN

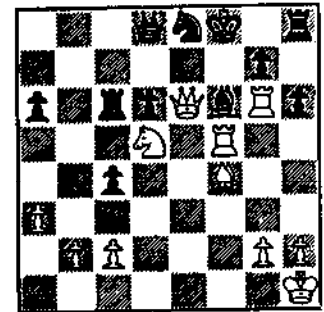
25 QxB† K-B1

After 25 . . . K-R2 26 QxBP†, K-N1 27 Q-B7†, White wins at will.

26 RxP† B-B3 28 B-B4 R-B3

27 N-Q5 Q-Q1 29 R-N6

Such a tremendous concentration of forces attacking the enemy King at close range is a rarity. Needless to say there is no defense any more.



29 Q-B1

30 R/5xB† PxR

31 Q-K7 mate

Tim Just

\$99 Class

May 11-12, 1985

WHERE: Illinois Beach Resort & Conference Center, Illinois Beach State Park, Sheridan Rd. and Wadsworth Rd. to the Lakefront, Zion, Illinois.

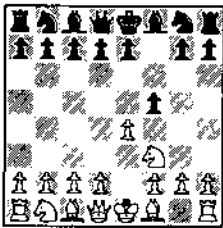
PRIZES: Class:Master/Exp, A, B, C, D/E/Un EACH 1st = \$99 (Based on 10/class)

ENTRY FEE: Advanced (by 5/9) = \$13; At Site = \$20; Registration 8:30-9:15 AM

5SS, Rnds: 9:30-2-6:30, 10-3; Ent: Tim Just, 1521 Circle Ct.
Waukegan, Illinois 60085
Latest supplement used for ratings 312-244-7954

Ask Miroseg

The turmoil surrounding Miroseg Zog's shocking defection from his position as analyst for the Albanian team is starting to die, and the "Animal of the Adriatic" is hungrily experiencing all the wonders our culture has to offer a new arrival. He has shown a particular interest in this country's only chess newspaper, PLAYER'S CHESS NEWS. But as always Miroseg is the picky one, as he showed me when I recently loaned him a back issue. Our phone conversation went something like this:



AFTER 1 Nf3 f5 2 e4?!

ion on this gambit in ECO, and you say its no good? MZ: That totalitarian stooge never analyzed 2...fxe4 3 Ng5 d5 4 d3 Qd6, did he?

DS: Well no, but 4...Qd6 sure is funny looking.

MZ: Is great move! Black now threatens 5...h6, which is very painful for White. Before 4...Qd6, 4...h6? 5 Qh5+ was blunder.

DS: Ah! The queen move makes Qh5+, g6! possible. But what does that have to do with Christiansen's analysis?

MZ: He suggest that after 4...Qd6 5 Nc3 White has good chances. Idea to distract queen after 5...h6 6 Nb5!, and things are very complicated.

DS: I'll say. So what does Black do?

MZ: Start with 5...Nf6, threatening ...h6 once again. Now Christiansen gives following variation: 6 dxe4 h6 7 Nb5 Qd8 8 e5 hxg5 9 exf6, followed by 10 Qxd5 and White gets pawn back with better game.

DS: Well?

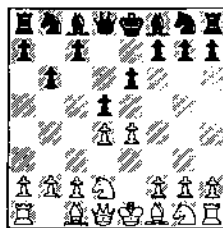
MZ: Well?! How you get so over-rated, salmon breath?

After 9 exf6 exf6! 10 Qxd5? Qe7+! Black wins piece with 11...c6 next move!

DS: Wow! You mind if I use this in a game sometime?

MZ: You and stupid Dutch Defence. You want I show readers refutation of your beloved...

DS: Maybe next issue! Let's take a couple of readers' questions first before you have to put more money in that pay phone. First, a question from a reader in Peoria. He writes, "Dear Mr. Zog. Please tell me what you think of my pet variation of the French Defence. After 1 e4 e6 2 d4 d5 3 Nd2 I play 3...b6 to exchange off my bad bishop with ...Ba6. I'm thinking of calling it the Tazewell County variation."



AFTER 3...b6

Qb5+ and Black resigned.

DS: Holy white-squares Zog-man! But wasn't 6...Qxd5 better?

MZ: Then 7 c4 very strong. What Black do then?

DS: You asking me? Well, 7...Qd7 is no help after 8 Ne5! How about 7...Qa5? Nah, 8 Ne5 followed by 9 Qf3 is

MZ: This PCN is wonderful thing, but they analyze too many stupid gambits.

DS: Well yeah, Christiansen got carried away sometimes.

MZ: Trying to haul over 1 Nf3 f5 2 e4?!, what ballooney!

[For the sake of the readers' sanity I've taken the liberty

of cleaning up Miroseg's idioms from this point on-DS]

DS: Now wait just a minute.

Botvinnik wrote a whole section

on this gambit in ECO, and you say its no good?

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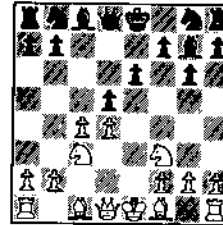
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MZ: Let Russians take credit for this one! I remember simultaneous exhibition game I play many years ago. After 3...b6 I play 4 Ngf3 and after 4...Ba6? game went 5 Bxa6 Nxa6 6 exd5! exd5 7 Qe2+ Qe7 (forced to prevent loss of knight) 8 Ne5! Nb4 (8...Nb8 9 O-O c6 is only chance, but after White plays Re1 and moves queen, Black's position awful) 9 c3! Nc2+ 10 Kd1 Nxa1 11

still too strong. I guess we just spoiled one reader's fun. Let's try another question.

MZ: Probably another crazy opening. You Americans love new paths. Why not just buy ZCO and learn truth? Just translated by Batsford into English from Albanian, only costs...

DS: Don't tell me! I don't even want to think about another opening book I've got to read. Just answer another question. A reader from Rock Island wants you to settle an argument. He played the white side of the position after the moves 1 c4 g6 2 Nc3 c5 3 Nf3 Bg7 4 e3 e6 5 d4 cxd4 6 exd4 d5 [SEE DIAGRAM] in a game



AFTER 6...d5

openings.

DS: I'm all ears.

MZ: Black often combines fianchetto with ...e6 and ...d5 when White plays English with g3. Example is 1 c4 g6 2 Nc3 c5 3 g3 Bg7 4 Bg2 Nc6 5 Nf3 e6 6 e3 Nge7 7 d4 cxd4 8 exd4 d5, position that occurred in 1981 IL Invitational brilliancy prize game Esses-Kornfeld.

DS: You've been reading those old ICBs I sent you! Kornfeld was winning some wonderful games back then.

MZ: Yes, but you see similarity? Same position could be reached in reader's game if White plays g3 and Bg2 and Black plays Nc6 and Nge7. But why fianchetto bishop when you already have diagonal for it? Now look at Caro-Kann...

DS: Caro-Kann? That's a king-pawn opening!

MZ: Caro-Kann! 1 e4 c6 2 d4 d5 3 exd5 cxd5 4 c4 e6 5 Nc3, Panov-Botvinnik Attack. Have you ever seen Black play ...g6 and ...Bg7 here?

DS: No, it looks very ugly. But this looks like our reader's game!

MZ: Black confused in reader's game, playing defence against 4 e3 that was meant to be played against 4 g3.

DS: So what's his punishment? He almost won after all. What should White have done?

MZ: In reader's game after 6...d5 Black had weak squares. White knight would look nice at d6! So play 7 Bf4!

DS: Aha! I didn't tell you, but that's what White played. Black responded with 7...Nge7.

MZ: Yes? 7...a6 is safer, but waste of move. And White played 8 Nb5?

DS: No, he was going to, seeing 8...Qa5+? 9 b4! Qxb4+ 10 Bd2!, but at the last minute he saw 8...O-O 9 Nc7 e5! 10 Nxa8 exf4, and he can't extract his knight from a8 and must lose it. He played 8 Qd2 instead.

MZ: Ah! Here is mistake. Try 9 Bc7! instead. If 9...Qd7 10 Ne5! forcing Black to give up good bishop and weaken dark squares more, because 10...Qe8 11 Nd6 loses queen. And if 9...Qe8 10 Be5! f6 White can grab pawn with 11 Bxb8 Rxb8 12 Nxa7 Bd7 13 Nb5 dxc4 14 Nd6.

DS: Well! Does this mean you have to study the Caro-Kann to play the English?

MZ: Silly American! It means knowing a lot of different ideas is good, because sometimes can be used when you least expect it. I must hang up now, need to save rest of change to do laundry.

DS: O.K., and thanks. I'll talk to you again before the next issue!

Send questions, comments, and unmarked bills to: Ask Miroseg, c/o David Sprenkle 302 S Busey, 203 Urbana, IL 61801

THE TRAGEDY OF STALEMATE by Tim Sage

(Reprinted from the Feb. 1982 ILLINI CHESS JOURNAL)

Stalemate is a possibility that crops up so rarely, outside of a handful of standard endgame positions, that it is easy to forget about it between one game and the next. I was reminded yet again in a game with Bernard Parham at the 1981 Illinois Open (DIAGRAM 1). I have an overwhelming position here; I'm already up an exchange and two pawns and once I get a second rook to the seventh rank, Black will have a hard time avoiding material loss. How did I manage to stalemate my opponent from this position? Well, it all started with 23... Bh6 24 g3. I was quite willing to weaken my kingside to keep my knight at f4. I saw that he could lodge his knight at f3, but I was certain I was winning material with my own attack. 24...g5 25 Nh5 Nf3+ 26 Kg2 Rf8 27 Rcl. White threatens Rcc7 and Rh7, winning the bishop, and it's very hard to stop. Since the Black rook must stay on f8 to hold the knight on f3 and to stop Nf6+, Black's bishop has no place to run without relinquishing control of g7 and allowing the rooks to mate. So Black must guard h7 with his knight. 27...g4 28 Rcc7 Ng5 29 e5? Sometimes greed doesn't pay! Simplest is just 29 Rg7+, winning both minor pieces for a rook (if 29...Kh8 30 Rg6) and putting an end to any further discussion. But I had a different idea, 29...

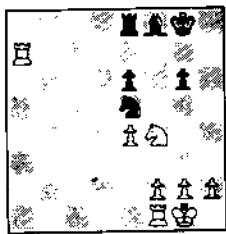


DIAGRAM 1

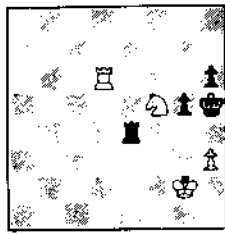


DIAGRAM 2

Ne4 30 Rh7 Rxf2+ 31 Kg1 Bf8. Whoops! When I analyzed this earlier, I had seen a "ghost" rook on f8 and the bishop had no moves. But after 32 Nf4 I was still winning; the threat is Nxe6 and Nxf8 when mating threats prevent the recapture of the bishop. Any defence to the threat allows mate, major material loss, or exchanges favorable to White. Both 33...Ng5 34 Kxf2 Nxb7 and 33...Rxf4 34 gxf4 Bc5+ 35 Kg2 Bxa7 36 Rxa7 are just fine with me, and attempts to draw by perpetual check fail, e.g. 33...Rb2 34 Nxe6 Rb1+ 35 Kg2 Rb2+ 36 Kf1 Rb1+ 37 Ke2 Rb2+ 38 Kd3 Nf2+ 39 Ke3 Bh6+?! 40 Rxb6 Rb3+ and now not 41 Kxf2?? Rf3+ with a draw (the rook is forever immune because of stalemate!), but 41 Kf4 winning. The game continued 32...Rf3 33 Nxe6 Nf2 34 Nxf8 Nh3+ 35 Rxh3. Now I've got him where he wants me! I just move my knight away and... 35...gxf3 36 Ng6?? Rf1+ Aughhhhh!

This was a tragedy in the original sense of the word. 36 Ng6 was sheer hubris. I was expecting variations like 36...Re3 37 Kf2 Re4 38 Kf3 Re1 39 Kg4 followed by Kh5, Kh6, and Rg7 mate. But this was too much to ask from the gods, from fate, and I was immediately punished for my presumption.

Seriously though, I wonder if I hold some kind of record for stalemating opponents in winning positions. Looking through my old game scores I find that I've done it at least five times in nine years of tournament chess. If anybody can beat that, let me know. These other games were even more outrageous than the one given above. Consider the game Sage-Stuart, Pittsburgh Metropolitan Championship 1978 (DIAGRAM 3). Black had misplayed an ending which was probably drawn despite my extra piece, because he let his king get caught in a mating net. However I had almost no time left and had lost track of what move it was (my opponent was hiding his scoresheet and trying to blitz me). I snapped out

my "preprogrammed" moves as fast as I could make them: 1...g4 2 h4 Re2+ 3 Kg3 Re3+. I wasn't expecting this! Shocked, I glanced at my clock, saw the flag clinging to the minute hand by its fingernails, played 4 Nxe3?, and hit the clock at lightspeed. My opponent grinned and said, "I can't move". I'd done it again! As if this weren't bad enough, when I borrowed his scoresheet to complete mine, I found that Nxe3 was in fact move 51, the move after time control. At least there was a happy ending, since after this second-round draw I went on to win the rest of my games and finish clear first in the tournament.

I've always had a blindness to the possibility of stalemate. In one of the first few tournaments I played in back in high school I stalemated my opponent with king and queen against a lone king. Just as bad is the finish of this game (DIAGRAM 3), played in the Terrif-

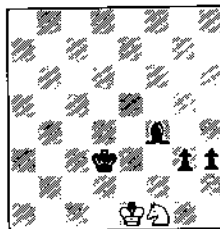


DIAGRAM 3

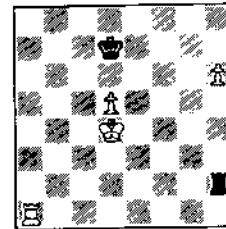


DIAGRAM 4

ied Neurotic Pawns tournament in Beaver Falls, PA when I was a 1600. There was a crowd of spectators watching this game, probably because this was the last game to finish, but I was sure they were just enjoying my instructive display of technique in this ending. I was rather proud of the way I'd played to this point, sacrificing my extra piece for his passed pawn, tying down his knight and using zugzwang to drive his king away so that he could not get into a drawn bishop and rook-pawn ending. I guilelessly continued 53...h2 54 Nxb2 gxf2 55 Kf2 h1/Q?? A spectator seated next to the board jumped up and announced "Stalemate!" The crowd roared.

I take some consolation in the fact that even grandmasters occasionally suffer from this sort of chess blindness. DIAGRAM 4 is taken from HOW TO WIN IN THE MIDDLE GAME OF CHESS, by I.A. Horowitz, who says that White was played by an unspecified "leading grandmaster". White should win easily enough with 1 Ra6 holding the h-pawn. Instead he got fancy with 1 h7?, counting on winning the Black rook on 1...Rxa7 2 Ra7+, but after 2...Kd6 3 Rxh7? the Black King was stalemated. White should at least have tried 3 Ra6+, but Black can still draw by the skin of his teeth: 3...Kd7 4 Kc5 Rh1 5 Ra7+ Kd8 6 Kc6 Rd1 7 Rh7 (7 Kd6 Kc8 8 Ra8+ Kb7 9 Rd8 is essentially the same) 7...Rd2 8 Rh8+ Kb7 9 Rd8 (the only way to advance the pawn without allowing the Black king in front) 9...Rh2 10 Re8 Rd2. Another anonymous GM goofed in DIAGRAM 5 by playing 1 Rf6? Black responded with 1...Rf3+. Since this rook is untouchable, White must give up both his g and f-pawns. He gets Black's f-pawn, but the draw is easy.

After devoting most of this column to the negative aspects of stalemate, it's only fair to look at its role in some pretty endgame studies. First, I simply must include this elegant composition by Saavedra (DIAGRAM 6) for those of you who have never seen it. It looks like an easy win for White at first glance, but Black has some tricks. 1 c7 Rd6+ 2 Kb5 (Not 2 Kc5 Rd1 and 3...Rc1 or 2 Kb7 Rd7, drawing in both cases. This pattern continues for several moves.) 2...Rd5+ 3 Kb4 Rc4+ 4 Kb3 Rd3+ 5 Kc2 (Finally White can avoid the checks) 5...Rd4! (This is Black's drawing idea, if 6 c8/Q Rc4+! 7 Qxc4 stalemate) 6 c8/R! (Now 6...Ra4 is forced to prevent checkmate, and 7 Kb3 wins either the rook or the king.

DIAGRAM 7 is a clever study by Reti. It seems that Black should be able to win easily by blocking the White pawns with ...Bc5 and ...Nd7. White interferes

with this plan by playing 1 d6+, blocking the bishop's blockading diagonal. After 1...Kxd6 2 f7 (not 2 Kg7 Bc3) 2...Nd7 (2...Ke7 3 Kg7 would transpose) 3 Kg7! Bc3+ 4 Kg8 the main variation is 4...Ke7 5 f8/Q+ Nxf8 6 f6+ Ke8 7 f7+ Ke7 stalemate. Black can also try 4...

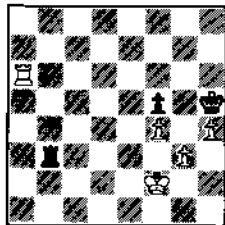


DIAGRAM 5

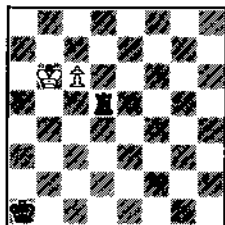


DIAGRAM 6

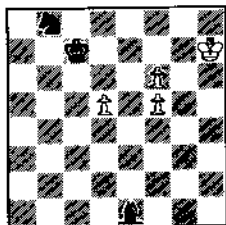


DIAGRAM 7

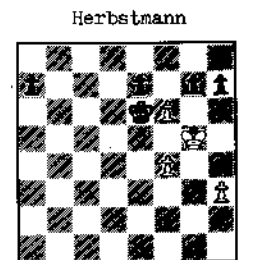
Nf6+ 5 Kg7 Ng4+ 6 f6 Bxf6+ 7 Kg6 Be7 8 Kg7 Bf6+ 9 Kg6 Ke7 10 f8/Q+ Kxf8 11 Kf5, but White still draws.

Here are four more studies for you to try yourself. In two, White is able to draw by employing a stalemate idea, in the other two he wins by foiling a stalemate defence of Black's. Solutions appear on page 19.

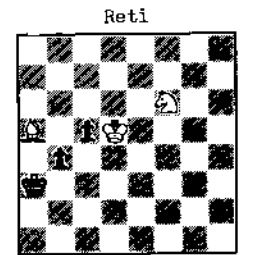
(Another game from the 1st FIDE Team Challenge)

Ken Thomas-Eugene Martinovsky English

1 c4 e5 2 Nc3 Nc6 3 g3 g6 4 Bg2 Bg7 5 d3 d6 6 Rb1 a5 7 a3.f5 8 e3 Nf6 9 Nge2 O-O 10 O-O Be6 11 Nd5 e4 12 dxe4 Nxe4 13 b3 Ne5 14 Qc2 c6 15 Ndc3 Nc5 16 Rdl Qe7 17 a4 Rad8 18 Ba3 Na6 19 Na2 Nc5 20 Nac3 g5 21 Nd4 Bc8 22 Nce2 Ne4 23 f3 Nc5 24 Qd2 Ng6 25 Re1 Rde8 26 Nc3 Qf6 27 Nce2 h5 28 Ndc2 b6 29 Bb2 Qe7 30 Bxg7 Kxg7 31 Red1 Rf6 32 b4 Nxa4 33 bxa4 bxa4 34 Qxa5 Nc5 35 Ned4 Bd7 36 Rb6 Ne5 37 Bf1 f4 38 exf4 gxf4 39 gxf4 Rxf4 40 Qal Rg8 41 Be2 Qh4 42 Kh1 Kf7 43 Rgl Qxh2+ 0-1 (44 Kxh2 Rh4 mate)



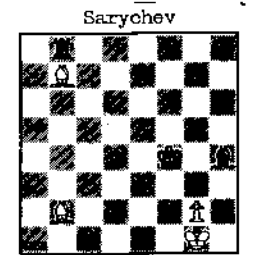
Herbstmann



Reti



Libiurkin & Bondarenko



Sarychev

White to play and draw

White to play and win

White to play and win

White to play and draw

Top honors were taken by ICB Editor Dave Sprenkle and Paul Gregor, both with 4-0 scores. These men took home \$82.50 each. Due to the unexpectedly large turnout, an Expert's prize (\$50) was added to the prize fund. This was shared by Ken Housh, Bruce Gardner, Ron Torregrossa, and Mark Zvilius at 3 1/2 apiece. The A prize (increased to \$50) was shared by Terry Hutson, Paul Segedin, Douglas Spahr, and Pierre Weisz with 3 points each. Thomas Gant also scored 3 points to win the B prize (increased to \$40). Jeff Davis scored 2 1/2 to take the C prize (up to \$35), while Gerald Adams scored 2-2 to take the D/E/UNR section (raised to \$30).

Even though I did not get home until about 3:15am, the tournament was an unqualified success! The Patzer's Paradise II is slated for May 4th, and I would like to invite everyone out for another bangup event. The prizes should even bigger! Please, save your director's sanity and enter in advance.

Tim Just Winter Open

ST	RYNG	PRE	POST	PTNG	TOT
1	BACHLER, KEVIN L	IL 2167	IL 2167	2192	4.5
2	SURAK, STEVE S	IL 2047	IL 2047	2086	4.5
3	GLLES, MORRIS C	IL 2260	IL 2260	2283	4.0
4	GUTZ, JON	IL 1993	IL 1993	2084	4.0
5	MALLACH, KEN T	IL 2242	IL 2242	2225	3.5
6	ELGER, WILLIAM A	WI 2166	WI 2166	2148	3.5
7	MALLACH, CLIFF H	IL 2116	IL 2116	2114	3.5
8	MAROVITCH, MARK	IL 2101	IL 2101	2068	3.5
9	MC DANIEL, KEITH	IL 1997	IL 1997	2021	3.5
10	COOPER, JEFF	WI 2161	WI 2161	2051	3.5
11	RODMAN, TIMOTHY P	IL 2114	IL 2114	2106	3.0
12	HAUBRICH, SCOTT A	WI 2112	WI 2112	2117	3.0
13	KAMEN, DAN	IL 2059	IL 2059	2094	3.0
14	SATTERLEE, RAY DOY	IL 2045	IL 2045	2023	3.0
15	BATES, WALLACE K	IL 1958	IL 1958	1961	3.0
16	SERVI, JR LARRY	IL 1884	IL 1884	1903	3.0
17	SCHREMSER, TODD	IL 1879	IL 1879	1920	3.0
18	BALE, LESLIE	IL 1749	IL 1749	1771	3.0
19	NONE, ERIC	IL 1698	IL 1698	1709	3.0
20	CHAPMAN, BRIAN K	IL 1869	IL 1869	1853	2.5
21	KEARNEY, TODD D	IL 1838	IL 1838	1846	2.5
22	SHINER, DAVID	IL 1667	IL 1667	1707	2.5
23	RANDLE, FRANK W	WI 1577	WI 1577	1594	2.5
24	SCHMIDT, MARTIN R	IL 0	IL 0	1874	2.0
25	FIRESTONE, CHRIS	IL 2030	IL 2030	2010	2.0
26	JASLUMIENAS, LEONA	WI 1976	WI 1976	1963	2.0
27	MARSHALL, KENNETH	IL 1769	IL 1769	1779	2.0
28	LEVIN, ROY	IL 1741	IL 1741	1737	2.0
29	JUST, TIMOTHY W	IL 1707	IL 1707	1718	2.0
30	MARTIN, JR DONALD	IL 1682	IL 1682	1680	2.0
31	SEUGENBERGER, SARA	IL 1499	IL 1499	1552	2.0
32	MARSHALL, JAMES A	IL 1485	IL 1485	1505	2.0
33	CROWER, DAVID K	IL 1436	IL 1436	1441	2.0
34	BAXTER, JOSEPH	IL 935/12	IL 935/12	1064	2.0
35	KITTSLEY, SCOTT L	WI 1631	WI 1631	1592	1.5
36	NASH, ALEXANDER	IL 1617/14	IL 1617/14	1539	1.5
37	SERVAICZ, LAWRENCE	IL 1440	IL 1440	1412	1.5
38	BROWN, KEVIN R	IL 1357/7	IL 1357/7	1423	1.5
39	ROCHELLEAU, JORDY	IL 1320	IL 1320	1332	1.5
40	GLICK, ROBERT S	IL 1657	IL 1657	1607	1.0
41	GIBSON, DAVID L	WI 1644	WI 1644	1640	1.0
42	PADILLA, RUDY R	IL 1330	IL 1330	1330	1.0
43	PIEHL, THOMAS A	WI 1269/4	WI 1269/4	1219	1.0
44	MC DANIEL, EILEEN	IL 893/9	IL 893/9	1059	1.0
45	ANDREWSKI, DAVID J	WI 0	WI 0	1266	1.0
46	PARADAN, LIDCRMAN	IL 0	IL 0	1589	1.0

TIED PLAYERS ARE LISTED IN ORDER OF PRE-TOURNAMENT RATINGS
W-WIN, L-LOSS, D-DRAW, X-FORFEIT WIN, F-FORFEIT LOSS
Z-FORFEIT DRAW, H-1/2 PT BYE, B-BYE, U-UNPLAYED



REGION VII TOP TEN ACTIVE PLAYERS

DAVE TAYLOR (IL).....1141	MITCH WEISS (IA).....968
MAX ZAVANELLI (IL)....1094	GEORGE FAWBUSH (MO)....961
DONALD WALHOUT (IL)...1015	FRED BENDER (WI).....958
ADAM LIEF (CA).....1000	J GOTZ (IL).....950
A AMELUNG (MO)..... 976	WALTER MILBRATZ (CA)...942

FOLLOWING ARE ENTRANTS TO THE THREE PRELIMINARY SECTIONS ASSIGNED IN THE 1984 REGION VII CHAMPIONSHIP:

PLAYERS	84-1
1	Zavanelli, M
2	Martin, D
3	Klaus, J.
4	Pray, R.
5	Fawbush, G.
6	Peterson, P.
7	Warren, H.

PLAYERS	84-2
1	Taylor, D.
2	Bethal, R.
3	Stotler, R.
4	Amelung, A.
5	Baumann, H.
6	Gotz, J.
7	Walhout, P.

PLAYERS	84-3
1	Hageman, W.
2	Warren, J.
3	Walhout, D.
4	Bustamante, A.
5	Just, T.
6	Lief, A.
7	Field, D.

UPDATE OF QUALIFIERS FROM THE 1983 REGION VII

83-1: Zavanelli 6-0; G Gustafson 5-1
 83-2: D Taylor 5-0 (1); 2nd, undetermined
 83-3: both undetermined
 83-4: both undetermined
 83-5: Sandford 4-0-2; 2nd undetermined
 83-6: both undetermined
 83-7: B Fisher 4-0-2; 2nd undetermined

Results in the 1982 Finals and 1983 prelims should be sent to Helen Warren; results in 1984 prelims go to Tim Just.

We welcome postal game scores for publication. Tim Just will have a page of postal games prepared for the next issue.

LEADERS IN THE 1982 FINALS:

AMELUNG, A : 6/8 (2); 5½ prelim score	TAYLOR, D: 5½/6 (4); 5½ prelim score
BENDER, F: 4/5 (4); 5 prelim score	MILBRATZ, W: 6/6 (4); 5½ prelim score
(both in section 1)	WEISS, M: 5½/6 (4); 5½ prelim score
	GLASCOCK, D: 5/6 (4); 4 prelim score

Participants should note that the above represents partial results only.

(CHOW, cont. from pg. 11)

Albert Chow-Marvin Dandridge Catalan

1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 e6 3 g3 d5 4 Bg2 Nbd7 5 Nf3 dxc4 6 O-O Be7 7 Qa4 a6 8 Qxc4 b5 9 Qc2 Bb7 10 Bg5 O-O 11 Nbd2 Rc8 12 Nb3 c5 13 Bxf6 gxf6 14 Ng5 fxe5 15 Bxb7 c4 16 Nd2 Rb8 17 Bg2 Qb6 18 e3 f5 19 b3 cxb3 20 Qxb3 a5 21 Rfcl Rfc8 22 Rc2 a4 23 Qd3 b4 24 Racl Rxc2 25 Rxc2 Ne8 26 Rc6 Qb5 27 Qxb5 Rxb5 28 Ra6 a3 29 Bfl Rb7 30 Bc4 Rc7 31 Kfl Kf7 32 Ke2 g4 33 Kd3 Ke8 34 Kc2 Kd7 35 Kb3 Bd6 36 Bb5+ Ke7 37 Nc4 Re8 38 Nxd6 Rcl 39 Ne8 Rbl+ 40 Kc4 Rb2 41 Ra7+ Kd8 42 Kc5 Rxa2 43 Kd6 Rc2 44 Nc7 1-0

AMELUNG, A (MO)	976	MCKINNEY, C (IL)	737
ANDERSON, A (IL)	859	MILBRATZ, W (IL)	942
BACHLER, K (IL)	918	NICKS, J (MO)	784
BAUMANN, H (IL)	749	NURMI, R (IA)	727
BELICS, G (MO)	849	O'HEARN, J (OR)	724
BENDER, F (IL)	958	O'KEEFE, M (IL)	606
BETHEL, R (IL)	744	OLTMAN, T (IL)	818
BROCK, B (IL)	916	PETERSON, P (IL)	797
BROWN, J (IA)	800	POPE, R (IL)	761
BUSTAMANTE, A (IL)	700	PRAY, R (IA)	823
CATINO, C (IL)	687	RAMIREZ, E (IL)	754
CHRISTEN, S (IL)	860	REARDON, J (IL)	840
COHEN, S (IL)	789	ROECKER, J (IL)	886
CONNOR, P (IL)	867	ROTHSCHILD, I (IL)	759
CROUSE, T (IA)	827	SANDER, D (IL)	746
DANGOY, F (IL)	763	SANDFORD, C (IL)	879
DAVIES, J (MO)	842	SCHREMSER, T (IL)	778
DEAKIN, J (IL)	775	SCORZA, S (IA)	779
EICHHORN, G (IA)	863	SEDLACK, E (IL)	839
ELLENWOOD, D (IL)	720	SEXTON, C (IA)	901
FAWBUSH, G (MO)	961	SHOLL, P (IL)	678
FIELD, D (IA)	874	SILDMETS, A (NE)	858
FISHER, B (IL)	857	SILLARS, A (IL)	858
GAPUZ, W (IL)	830	SMITH, M (IL)	680
GENSLER, K (IL)	765	SDGIN, L (IL)	700
GLASCOCK, D (OK)	854	SPITZNAGEL, L (IL)	788
GOTZ, J (IL)	950	STOTLER, R (IL)	642
GUSTAFSON, G (IL)	853	SWICEGOOD, J (IL)	808
HAGEMANN, W (MO)	801	TAYLOR, D (IL)	1141
HARNACH, C (IL)	751	TAYLOR, K (IL)	861
HARPER, R (MO)	710	VANDERLINDEN, E (IA)	824
HARRIS, W (IL)	899	WALHOUT, D (IL)	1015
HEALY, S (IL)	705	WALHOUT, P (IL)	792
HEIMBAUGH, M (IA)	728	WARREN, H (IL)	800
HERNANDEZ, H (IL)	724	WARREN, J (IL)	935
HEUSINKVELD, W (IA)	713	WEISS, M (IA)	968
HOBSON, N (IL)	722	WERNER, L (IL)	898
HOUSH, K (IL)	740	WHITE, G (MO)	800
JABLONOW, V (IL)	850	YOUNG, L (IL)	760
JAMASON, R (IL)	645	ZAVANELLI, M (IL)	1094
JAMISON, L (IL)	700	ZIEGLER, K (IL)	763
JOHNSON, B (IL)	764		
JOHNSON, J (IA)	817		
JUST, T (IL)	819		
KAPELA, R (IL)	619		
LAROSE, M (IL)	722		
LEGG, J (IL)	773		
LEMKE, D (IA)	770		
LEWIS, S (MO)	742		
LIEFF, A (CA)	1000		
LOOMIS, H (MO)	740		
LOVEN, D (IL)	811		
LUTHER, R (MO)	838		
MARTINDALE, J (IL)	895		

Game results rated for this issue are those received by February 10, 1985.

35 games were rated for this issue, with 37 of 95 ratings changing, 39%. Greatest point gain of 74 by F Bender. Average rating: 810.

NEWS ITEM...

Max Zavanelli has been selected to play 4th bd. (total of 8 with 2 alternates) on the U.S. team in the North Atlantic Team Tournament II. Congratulations, Max! This important ICCF event is an eight-man single round robin with players from Canada, England, France, Iceland, Portugal, Scotland, Spain and Wales. Good luck to Max as he represents the U.S. on Bd. 4. Steve Tennant is listed as Bd. 6 for the U.S. Tennant is a international postal master with long experience in ICCF play. Good luck to Steve as well!

Ben Finegold-Marvin Dandridge Dutch Defence

1 d4 f5 2 Nc3 g6 3 e4 fxe4 4 Nxe4 Bg7 5 h4 Nf6 6 Nxf6+ exf6 7 h5 Qe7+ 8 Be3 Qb4+ 9 c3 Qxb2 10 Rcl Qxa2 11 Bd3 Qf7 12 Qe2 Kd8 13 hxg6 hxg6 14 Rxb8+ Bxb8 15 Nh3 d6 16 Ne4 f5 17 Bc4 Qe8 18 Kd2 g5 19 Ne6+ Bxe6 20 Bxg5+ Kd7 21 Re1 Be5 22 dxe5 d5 23 Bb5+ c6 24 Rh1 Kc7 25 Rh7+ Nd7 26 Be7 cxb5 27 Qxb5 b6 28 Bd6+ Kb7 29 Re7 Qg8 30 Rxd7+ Bxd7 31 Qxd7+ Ka6 32 Qa4+ Kb7 33 Qd7+ Ka6 1/2-1/2

Please send all games, comments, or analysis to: Albert Chow, 3513 N. Seminary, Chicago IL 60657.

**Dear
editor**

Gentlemen:

This letter is written in protest of the recent decision made by FIDE President Campomanes to bring the Karpov-Kasparov World Championship Match to an untimely end. In the opinion of the undersigned, President Campomanes has set a dangerous and senseless precedent for all future matches sponsored by FIDE, as well as violating both players' rights to a fair and equal match as called for in the much-debated rules governing world championship match play.

Why would the FIDE President intervene in this manner? It has been argued (notably by Shelby Lyman, in a TV interview with Ted Koppel) that the decision to restart the match in September at a 0-0 score benefits Kasparov, who after all is two points behind at 5-3. However, Kasparov himself was so upset over the FIDE President's decision that, according to media reports, he walked out of the press conference where it was announced. It seems that the true reason for Campomanes' decision has nothing to do with Kasparov's well-being; rather, one observes that in recent weeks it has been Kasparov who has every reason for wanting the match to continue, as he is (or rather, he was) on the verge of a dramatic come-from-behind victory.

The match conditions call for victory to be awarded to the first player to score six wins, and for many weeks the match has been only a single Karpov victory away from conclusion. One would think that the best player in the world would be able to finish off virtually anyone, given the circumstances. Instead we have witnessed a display of Kasparov's toughness; rather than losing the decisive game (or resigning the match earlier, as was suggested at one time by many "since he didn't have a chance anyway"), he has simply made use of all resources available to him. Prolonging the match in order to profit from superior physical conditioning is a very logical strategy. Admittedly it does not make for flashy chess, but the point is to determine which of the two players is better UNDER THE CONDITIONS AGREED UPON PRIOR TO THE MATCH. Changing the rules half-way through the match is worse than not playing, and what will happen if in the "new match" Kasparov once again seems to be on the verge of winning the world title? Will FIDE halt the match again "because Karpov is tired?"

We the undersigned believe that Campomanes has made a grave error in judgement in stopping the match, one that smacks of blatant favoritism toward Karpov. Furthermore, we believe that if Karpov is physically unable to continue play, but Kasparov is still eager to continue, then Karpov should forfeit the match! It has been taken for granted in the past that the pre-match conditions were absolute, and that the first player to violate them forfeited both match and title. Why have the rules and the previous precedents in such cases been set aside in this case? Could it be because Moscow does not want Kasparov to win, and so consequently influenced the FIDE President to intervene? If so, why did he yield to this pressure?

Campomanes has stated that he himself did not know exactly what decision he would make immediately prior to announcing it, yet the media reports that several minutes before his announcement, the Soviet wire service reported that the match had been halted. This can only mean that Moscow ordered the match to be concluded. If the Soviet government had simply stopped the match, FIDE would undoubtedly have protested, yet when FIDE stops the match despite the stated desire of the challenger to continue, there is supposed to be nothing wrong?

The real problem here is not that the match has been stopped and that Kasparov's rights as the official challenger have been violated, although both are bad enough. No, the real danger is that FIDE has been persuaded to set a dangerous precedent in ignoring pre-set match conditions. This leaves fertile ground for future

abuse of the rules, not only in the world championship match, but also in any FIDE event.

The undersigned ask all USCF members to protest this abuse of power by FIDE President Campomanes, and to call for his resignation from the office of FIDE President on the grounds that he has violated the trust that chess players around the world have placed in him. Furthermore, the undersigned call for the USCF not to support or participate in any FIDE events until the Karpov-Kasparov match has been resumed at 5-3 and the decision to halt it has been changed, or President Campomanes has been removed from office.

Respectfully Submitted,
William R. Orgain
J. Mark Ishee
Jerry T. Wheeler
R. Kent Meadows

[This letter expresses the outrage and disgust of chess fans all over the world at the machinations been exposed to. However, the proposed solution of non-participation in FIDE events is counterproductive. If the USCF sends no representative to say, the World Junior Championship, that will have little impact on the strength of that event, but will hurt the progress of our own potential participant.

Also, the suggestion of restarting the match immediately at 5-3 would of course be a disaster for Kasparov at this late date. The fairest course at this point would be to start a new 24 game match at 0-0, but I suspect Karpov (and Campomanes) think differently.]

Dear Comrade Editor,

I very much enjoy interview with Miroseg Zog in Feb. issue. Is especially interesting because I, too, think to defect. Maaybe someday I, too, see you in secret American location.

Am especially amazed at Miroseg's powers when he produce chess position during verbal interview, and then positions come out perfectly on paper. [That's why he's so legendary-DS]

Is one mistake in February issue, though. ICA Secretary is Tuzovitch Justoly. Willexy Smyslov is membership secretary.

With love from somewhere,

Willexy Smyslov

SOLUTIONS TO THE STALEMATE PROBLEMS ON PAGE 17

Herbstmann: 1 fxc7 Kf7 2 Kh6 Kg8 3 f5 a5 4 h4 a4 5 h5 a6 6 f6 exf6 stalemate.

Libliurkin & Bondarenko: 1 Nh4 Kg1 2 Nf3+ Kg2 3 Nxb2 Kxb2 4 e5 Bxe5 5 Ke6! (Not 5 Kxe5 Kg3 6 Kd6 Kf4 7 Kc7 Ke5 8 Kb8 Kd6 9 Kxa7 Kc7 10 Ka8 Ko8 11 a7 Ko7 stalemate) Kg3 6 Kd7 Kf4 7 Ko8 Bo7 8 Kb7 Kd6 9 Kxa7, 10 Kb7, 11 a7, and 12 a8/Q.

Reti: White only draws with 1 Kc4 b3 2 Ne4 b2 3 Nc3 b1/Q! 4 Nxb1+ Ka4 5 Bd8 stalemate! The win is 1 Ke4: b3 2 Nd5 b2 3 Nc3 Kb3 4 Kd3 and wins.

Sarychev: White appears to be losing a piece, but saves it with 1 g3+ Bxc3 (1...Kxc3 2 Be5+) 2 Bcl+ Kg4 3 Bh1: Rbl 4 Kg2 and 4...Rxc1 would be stalemate.

**KEEP POSTED ON
CHESS IN ILLINOIS!
CALL (312) 233-8500**

TOURNAMENT CALENDAR

Abbreviations: RR-round robin, SS-swiss system, TL-time limit, EF-entry fee, \$\$-prize fund, b/-based on () entries. All phone numbers are area code 312 unless otherwise noted.

Call (312)-238-8500 for recorded messages on tournament results and upcoming events. Call regularly, as some events are scheduled at the last minute and don't always make the CHESS LIFE or ICB listings.

Apr. 6-7 Penny Pinching Pawn Pusher, two one-day events Chicago Chess Center. Call Jules Stein at 929-7010.

Apr. 6-7 Ray Socha Social Encounters IX+X Chicago Lawn Chess Assoc. Call Tim O'Neill at 476-5716.

Apr. 12-13 IHSA Team Championship-Rock Island

Apr. 13 April Cheapo '85. Chess Mates (Evanston)

Apr. 13-14 Chicago Lawn Chess Assoc. XCV+XCVI Two one-day events. Call Tim O'Neill at 476-5716.

Apr. 13-14 GREATER PEORIA OPEN
An IL Tour event. 5-SS; EF:\$23, \$28 at site; TL:50/2 on 4/13, 40/2 on 4/14; \$\$:1020, 250-150-100, A 100-50, B 90-45, C 80-40, D/E/UNR 75-40, class prizes b/12. Continental Regency Hotel. Call Tom Smit at (309)-688-2418.

Apr. 20 Orland Park Tornado

Apr. 20-21 Chess Center Quads, two one-day events. Call Jules Stein at 929-7010.

Apr. 27 April Quad '85. Chess Mates (Evanston)

Apr. 27 Officers' IL Tour Tornado I.
A Mini-Tour event. 3-SS; EF:\$8, \$10 at site; TL:40/1; \$\$:270, 100-50-25, A 30, B 25, C 20, D/E/UNR 20. Morgan Park Methodist Church. Call Fred Gruenberg at 779-3360.

Apr. 27-28 Chess Center Mod Quad. Two one-day events
Call Jules Stein at 929-7010.

Apr. 27-28 IHSA Individual Championship-Glenbard East

May 4 Patzer's Paradise II
4-SS; EF:\$10, \$12 at site; TL:30/1; \$\$:75-40, A 35, B 30, C 25, D/below 20. Illini Union (room 269), Urbana.
Call Barry Fisher at (217)-328-2941.

May 11 May Cheapo '85. Chess Mates (Evanston)

May 11 Peoria 2nd Quarter Cash Novice and Quad
Call Bill Wilkinson at (309)-673-9455.

May 11-12 TIM JUST \$99 CLASS
A Mini-Tour Event. See ad this page.

May 18 Springfield Tornado

May 18-19 GREATER CHICAGO OPEN
An IL Tour event. See full page ad on page 5.

May 18-19 Chicago Chess Center, two one-day events
Call Jules Stein at 929-7010.

May 18-19 Chicago Lawn Chess Assoc.
Two one-day events. Call Tim O'Neill at 476-5716.

May 25-26 Chicago Lawn Chess Assoc.
Two one-day events. Call Tim O'Neill at 476-5716.

MORE DETAILS NEXT ISSUE:

June 1-2 Midwest Women's Open
June 1-2 Chicago Lawn Chess Assoc.
June 1-2 Chicago Chess Center
June 8-9 Chicago Chess Center
June 15 West Chicago Tournament
June 15-16 Chicago Chess Center
June 21-23 MASTER CHALLENGE
June 22 Urbana Tornado
June 29-30 Chicago Chess Center
June 29-30 Chicago Lawn Chess Assoc.
July 4-7 Chicago Chess Center